

LAST WEEK TO PAY SUBSCRIPTIONS

If Your Paper is not Paid in Advance we Must Stop Sending it.

SEPTEMBER 30TH LAST DAY

All Newspapers Must Conform with the Ruling of the War Industries Board. Take Notice.

This is the last week for subscribers who are in arrears to pay up their subscriptions. If your subscription is not paid in advance by the close of business next Monday, we will be obliged to discontinue sending you the paper. On our books are a number of subscribers who are accustomed to pay for their papers at the end of the year. These people are perfectly "good," in so far as their liability is concerned, and we have been satisfied to extend them any reasonable amount of credit. Now, we have no choice in the matter.

The War Industries Board has placed newspapers in the fourth class of the priorities. As is the case with all other businesses declared essential to the maintenance of the national interest during the period of the war, they have designated a number of rules to which newspaper publishers must conform. The principal one of these to affect our subscribers reads as follows:

Discontinue sending paper after date of expiration of subscription unless subscription is renewed and paid for. (This ruling to be effective October 1, 1918).

Another ruling is that the consumption of paper shall be reduced fifteen per cent. Under the pay in advance plan. The Times will probably lose a few subscribers. There are some people who do not feel they can afford to pay for their paper in advance. It is not, however, necessary to pay the entire year in advance. Monthly payments may be made the same as heretofore, except that they must be made for the month to come instead of the month passed. The subscribers lost under the new plan will not nearly amount to fifteen per cent. It will be necessary for us to take some other step to reduce paper consumption. With this in view, we have for some time past been issuing only four pages on such days of the week as advertising will permit.

In Gettysburg, a collector has called at the house of every subscriber to explain the new order and collect for a month in advance, instead of just collecting for the time already past. This makes all town subscribers' September bill 35 cents larger than it has been, and larger than it will be in the future. The collector will continue to come monthly, but the bills hereafter will be for the month in advance instead of the one just past.

In other sections of the county and to all mail subscribers in arrears, letters have been sent explaining the situation. The majority of these have already sent in advance payments. A great many have not yet responded. To these we repeat the warning. We will have to stop the paper if your subscription is not paid in advance on October 1st. In addition to sending the letters, notice of the ruling has appeared in the paper every day for the past month, so that no one can say he did not know about it.

LETTER FROM RED CROSS

Mrs. Alice Smith has Letter Telling of her Son.

A letter dated Geneva, August 17th, has been received by Mrs. Alice Smith, of Gettysburg. It was sent by the International Red Cross to confirm their cable of an earlier date stating that Mrs. Smith's son, Earl, is confined in the prison camp at Darmstadt, Germany. The letter also contains instructions for sending mail to him.

FOR SALE: Ford touring car. Apply 49 W. Middle street.—advertisement

THE festival and box social at Two Taverns school has been postponed until Thursday evening, September 26th. Teacher, Kathryn E. Deardorff.—advertisement

HAIR BRUSHES: genuine bristles, solid back—all prices.—People's Drug Store.—advertisement

ANOTHER LARGE MARKET

Potatoes Higher. Five Cents Each for Quinces.

Tuesday morning's curb market now seems to be the largest of the week. Several years ago Saturday was the big market day, but from the number of wagons on hand each Tuesday, apparently Saturday is supplanted. The failure to designate any price for potatoes to be sold had its effect. The asking price of some of the marketmen was as much as \$1.90 a bushel or 50 cents a peck. Quinces seemed to have a ready sale at five cents each. Practically all of the tomatoes were secured by one or two buyers shortly after the opening of sales. With the exceptions mentioned, prices generally were about the same as the ones quoted last Tuesday.

BUILDING MESS HALL

On Academy Campus to Accommodate Student Training Corps.

Permission to the Government to construct a frame structure to be used as a mess hall was granted at a meeting of the town council held Monday evening.

The building is to be erected on the east side of Stevens Hall on the campus of the Gettysburg Academy. It is for the accommodation of Student Army Training Corps and its dimensions will be 26 by 70 feet. Work of building began today. It will be completed in the shortest possible time.

BROTHERS MEET ON BATTLEFIELD

Young Men from Hanover Have Joyful Reunion at Battle Front.

In letters, dated August 21 and September 2, just received, Horace Moul, son of Martin Moul, of Hanover, who is in the Intelligence Section First Division, American Expeditionary Forces, writes of his seeing the first home folk for over a year in the person of his brother, Gemmill, who is now stationed near him at the front in France.

Gemmill, who is a First Sergeant, has lately been made a master signal electrician in the Eighth Aero Squadron. Horace is an observer in his section and has been under fire in advanced observation posts. He mentions particularly the destruction caused by a "freight car" large German shell—which landed on a building in which he and a number of comrades were billeted.

Several snap shots, which accompanied the letter, give a good idea of the splendid type of men of the several nations that are at the front and show them to be in fine health and spirits. Both are well and so far have escaped injury.

WILL RE-ORGANIZE RED CROSS

Meeting to be Held in Abbottstown Saturday Evening.

A meeting will be held in the Reformed church at Abbottstown, Saturday evening at 8 o'clock to re-organize the Red Cross branch there.

A prominent Red Cross speaker will deliver an address at the meeting as will also a returned soldier from the battle front, who is expected to give experiences of the war.

COUNTY SOLDIER WOUNDED

Aaron W. Burger Is in a Paris Hospital. Recovering.

A letter dated September 1st, has been received by his mother, Mrs. Lemon Hansford, of near Gardners, from Aaron W. Burger, telling her that he was wounded on the battle line in France.

He states that he is at present in a hospital in Paris and receiving the best kind of treatment, with plenty of ice cream, candy and other luxuries. He expects to be entirely recovered within six or eight weeks. He was a member of Co. K, 112th Infantry.

\$25.00 reward for information leading to name of party who stole Ford automobile No. 2057811—License No. 212059, at the Hanover Fair, Wednesday. James Sillik, Biglerville.—advertisement

H. B. Bender will have sale of second hand furniture, on Thursday, September 26th. See advertisement.—advertisement

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LADIES' MILITARY BAND IN TROUBLE

Manager of the Organization that Showed Here, in Maryland Town.

HAD TROUBLE WHILE HERE

Charged with Using Name of Red Cross to Promote Attendance at Performances.

Ray V. Troy, acting manager of America's Lady Military Band, Orchestra and Drum Corps, which opened a two-day engagement at Frostburg, Md., was arrested by the Frostburg authorities on a warrant charging him with receiving money under false pretenses. It is alleged that the organization pretended to be performing under the auspices of the Red Cross, although that society refused the offer of part of the receipts for the use of its name in advertising the show. Mr. Troy was taken before a magistrate and in default of bond for his appearance at a hearing the box receipts of the night's performance, totaling \$81, was taken as security.

The performance was not interfered with the first night. To make sure that the box office attendant was selling tickets under the name of the Red Cross Society the authorities had a plain clothes man purchase a ticket and ask for what benefit the performance was being given. It is alleged the ticket seller told him the Red Cross was to receive a percentage of the receipts. On this information, after learning that the Red Cross had refused to be a party to the performance, the warrant was issued. There are approximately 20 women in the organization, which is owned by T. A. Gilbert. He does not accompany the band. Mr. Troy, the acting manager, gave a list of canons of the organization had visited since war was declared.

Representatives of the organization visited Cumberland last week and endeavored to make arrangements to play there for the benefit of the War Chest Fund. He was told that money raised by that method was not received, whereupon he engaged the Liberty Theatre and advertised his coming in a Cumberland paper.

A scene was created here while the organization was playing on the college campus at a concert arranged by H. T. Seeris, of the War Camp Community Service. According to Mr. Seeris's arrangements the concert was to be entirely free. During the performance a collection was asked for the benefit of the girls, who were said to "receive nothing but their expenses". Mr. Seeris objected to the plea for funds and was overruled by an enthusiastic crowd when the matter was put to a viva voce vote. In a public announcement the day following, Mr. Seeris disclaimed responsibility for the affair.

A bill, contracted at a town the outfit visited before coming to Gettysburg, was also sent to a local magistrate for collection.

KUNTZ—CHRONISTER

County Couple Married at Idaville by Rev. Mr. Frey.

On Saturday evening, September 21, at 9:30, in the Evangelical manse, at Idaville, Benjamin F. Kuntz and Miss Phoebe L. Chronister, both of near Gardners, were united in marriage by Rev. G. W. Frey. Both bride and bridegroom are industrious young people, and their friends unite in wishing them a prosperous journey through life.

THE U. S. Government requests that Christmas shopping be concluded early in December and confined to gifts of usefulness. Much of our Christmas gift goods of that character is now ready. G. W. Weaver and Son.—advertisement

H. B. Bender will have sale of second hand furniture, on Thursday, September 26th. See advertisement.—advertisement

NEW shipment of standard reprint books. See display in window. People's Drug Store.—advertisement

PUBLIC SALE of Sutton property, 10.30 a. m., Saturday. See advertisement.—advertisement

FOR SALE: fine dark bay rule colt. Charles Plank, R5 Gettysburg.—advertisement

STRIKE CLOSED CIGAR FACTORIES

Five Hundred Cigar Makers, Most from Adams County, Strike for a Day.

TWENTY FACTORIES SHUT

Demanded Higher Wages and Walked out on Monday.

About five hundred cigar makers of Hanover, McSherrystown, New Oxford and Centennial, went on a strike Monday morning causing twenty factories to close down. The cigar makers asked for a higher scale of wages and the manufacturers, it is claimed, wanted thirty days' notice in order to prepare their trade for an advance in the prices of their products. Failure to reach an agreement by Monday caused the strike.

The cigar makers, who are members of Union No. 316, McSherrystown, met last Friday evening and decided to ask for an advance of from \$1 to \$3 per thousand cigars, the increase ranging with the grade of cigars made. They made their decision known to the manufacturers on Saturday morning.

The manufacturers held a meeting last Saturday afternoon when they decided to ask the union for a 30 days' notice in which to ascertain whether or not their trade will stand for an increase in the price of their products. If the prices can be raised it is understood that the manufacturers favor the increased scale.

This decision was made known to the cigar makers Monday. The employees then decided not to work under the old scale and the strike occurred.

At a meeting held Monday evening the factory owners requested two weeks' time to put the increase up to the jobbers and see what they would have to say concerning it. The workers also met again and decided to grant this period of amity, with the result that practically all of them are on the job again to-day. So, speaking in legal terms, the matter is now in "status quo".

The factories affected by the strike are as follows:

C. E. Miller, F. X. Smith Son Co., J. A. Poist Co., B. P. Topper Co., H. J. Roth, J. D. Yantis & Son, Robert McKinney, C. F. Keffer Co., John Shorb, E. A. Bollinger, Geo. F. Hemler, W. L. Busby, all of McSherrystown; J. H. Little, B. A. Johns, H. G. Wireman, Jacob C. Kling, and J. E. Hostetter, all of Hanover; Ideal Cigar Co., E. G. Klunk, Centennial, and F. H. Shrader, New Oxford.

EDWARD BREAM

Aged Gardners Resident Dead After Long Illness.

Edward Bream died at the home of his son, Clinton Bream, near Gardners, on Saturday afternoon, at one o'clock, after a prolonged illness.

Mr. Bream was aged 73 years, 2 months and 10 days. He leaves six sons and five daughters: Calvin Bream, Cincinnati, Ohio; Clinton D. Bream, Gardners; Ellsworth Bream, Bendersville; Frank Bream, Cherry Tree; Lester Bream, Carlisle; Charles Bream, Shermanstown; Mrs. Chalmers Blocher, Bendersville; Mrs. Reuben Myers, Carlisle; Mrs. William Brougher, Brantsville; Mrs. Calvin Murtoft, Gardners; Mrs. Samuel Wampler, Altoona. Also two brothers: Dill Bream and John Bream, of New Cumberland, survive.

Funeral was held from the home of his son, Clinton Bream, Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Services were conducted by his pastor, Rev. W. D. E. Scott, of Bendersville Lutheran church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Gardner, of Mt. Tabor.

DEARDORFF—HAVERSTOCK

Young Couple Married at Hanover on Saturday.

Miss Ella Haverstock, daughter of George H. Haverstock, Aspers Station, became the bride of Grayson Deardorff, son of George E. Deardorff, Biglerville, Saturday evening. The ceremony was performed at eight o'clock at the parsonage of Grace Reformed church, Hanover, by the Rev. S. P. Mauger.

WANTED: lady clerk, between the ages of 20 and 30 preferred, good wages and good position. Apply to J. Calvin Nau's Grocery Store, York street. H. G. Geiselman Stand.—advertisement

TWO MORE DEATHS AT CAMP COLT

Number of Patients in Hospital with Influenza is More Than Doubled.

CAMP SURGEON IS ILL

One Hundred and Forty Cases Reported Tuesday Morning. Deaths from Epidemic now Total Five.

Two additional deaths occurred at Camp Colt this morning and the number of hospital patients has been more than doubled from the effects of the influenza epidemic that is raging at army camps throughout the north and east.

There were one hundred and forty six cases reported in the hospital this morning, nearly eighty cases having been brought in during the preceding twenty four hours. All of these men are said to have contracted the disease from the influenza epidemic that is raging at army camps throughout the north and east.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Currens, of near Gettysburg, and a graduate of the Shippensburg Normal School. She formerly taught school in Adams County. The bridegroom is employed by E. I. Du Pont de Nemours and Company, at the Harrison Works, Philadelphia, as an engineering draftsman. After their return from a short trip, they will reside in Philadelphia.

ODD MEETING OF GETTYSBURG MEN

John Rummel and Fred Tate Meet in Line to Register.

A short time ago an editorial from a Kansas City paper, advocating Fred Tate for chief of police of that city, was published in The Times. In addition to Mr. Tate, another native of Gettysburg is now a resident of Kansas City. He is John Rummel, a buyer for the Jones Department Store, of that place. He and Tate were boyhood friends at home. They met the other day, and here is the story of the meeting as published in the Kansas City Post:

"This is what happened when Fred Tate, special agent of the United States secret service department, stood in line to register Thursday in the Tenth precinct of the Third ward. 'Mr. Tate noticed a familiar face in the line. It was John Rummel, a boyhood friend from Gettysburg, Pa., where they were reared. 'What does this remind you of?' he said, touching Mr. Rummel on the shoulder. 'For the moment his friend stood surprised, then he remembered. 'Twenty years ago, in a similar line, when we stood waiting to enlist in the Spanish-American War! 'It's queer how things repeat themselves,' he added. 'The two men were youths of 20 at that time, both eager to get into the fight. 'And we're ready to go again,' Mr. Tate said yesterday."

JOHN M. FINLEY

Stricken with Apoplexy While Sitting on Front Porch.

John M. Finley died from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy shortly before six o'clock on Monday evening at the home of his son-in-law, Frank R. Peckman, on Broadway. He had been suffering from uraemic poisoning and heart trouble for a number of years. He was 61 years old on February 20th.

Mr. Finley was a native of York County. He made his home at Harrisburg for a number of years and came to reside in Gettysburg about seven years ago. The attack which caused his death came while he was sitting on the front porch. He was carried to his bed and a physician summoned but he died within half an hour of the time he became affected.

In addition to his wife, he is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Frank R. Peckman. The funeral will be held at the Peckman home at 3 p. m., Thursday, with services to be conducted by Dr. A. E. Wagner. Interment will be made in Evergreen cemetery.

PAUL F. NOEL

Paul F. Noel, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Noel, Mt. Rock, died Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Death was due to cholera infantum. He was aged twenty-nine days.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from Conewago chapel. Rev. Charles Koch officiated. Burial was made in Conewago Chapel cemetery.

MARRIAGE LICENSE

Clerk of the Courts Sheely has issued a marriage license to: William B. Townsley, son of W. E. Townsley, of Sandy Hill, Chester County; and Elizabeth Daft, a daughter of Henry Daft, of Coatesville.

SPONGES: they don't scratch—all prices. People's Drug Store.—advertisement

NEW MILITARY INSTRUCTOR

Lt. John Carney Will be Commanding Officer at College.

Lt. John F. Carney is the new military instructor for the students training corps at Gettysburg College. Lt. Carney arrived in Gettysburg on Monday and immediately assumed charge of the large amount of work awaiting his arrival.

In addition to having been wounded, Lt. Carney wears the service stripe designating six months' service in the trenches. He came here from Plattsburg, N. Y., where he was formerly assigned as instructor.

MOHRBACH—CURRENS

Gettysburg Girl Weds Philadelphia Man at Harrisburg.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Charles F. Mohrbach, and Miss Jennie Belle Currens, at Harrisburg, Saturday, September 21st, on her return from a visit with her uncle, Dr. C. H. Stover, of Worthington, where she has been spending the summer months.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Currens, of near Gettysburg, and a graduate of the Shippensburg Normal School. She formerly taught school in Adams County.

The bridegroom is employed by E. I. Du Pont de Nemours and Company, at the Harrison Works, Philadelphia, as an engineering draftsman. After their return from a short trip, they will reside in Philadelphia.

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WOOD TRACT SOLD

Abbottstown Man Purchased Pigeon Hill Woodland.

Charles M. Wolff, agent for the heirs of J. George Wolf, of Abbottstown, sold at public sale held in Hanover, a tract of timberland situated in the Pigeon Hills, Berwick township, containing seven acres and 31 perches. The purchaser was Levi Hale, of near Abbottstown, and the amount paid was \$282.35.

MOUNTAIN HOTELS TO CLOSE

Still a Number of Visitors in the Cottages.

The Clermont hotel at Charman and the Monterey Inn at Monterey have given notice that their doors will close for the season on Monday, September 30. There is still a fair number of visitors on the mountain and these are living in the various cottages and hotels.

FOR RENT: house on Hanover street, furnished or unfurnished, until April 1st. Apply Times office.—advertisement

SPORTING GOODS—football, basketball. People's Drug Store.—advertisement

FOR SALE: four cylinder roadster. Inquire Times office.—advertisement

ALLIES SWEEP ALL MACEDONIA

Arabs are Driving Scattered Turkish Forces North. Acre and Haifa Captured.

GAINS ON WESTERN FRONT

Part of Old British Line Southeast of Voormezele is Regained. Americans Remain Comparatively Quiet.

(United Press Summary of Eastern Operations)

The scope of the Allied victories in Palestine and Macedonia is increasing hourly.

British troops have captured Acre and Haifa, two important seaports and railway terminals on the Mediterranean, representing a total advance of 75 miles since the drive began.

The British have also progressed ten miles east of the Jordan and occupy Es Salt. They are striking toward Amman and the Hedjaz railway.

Arab forces are driving the scattered Turkish elements northward along the road east toward Amman.

The total number of prisoners will greatly exceed the 25,000 already announced, according to General Allenby's official report to-day.

In Macedonia the Allies now are advancing on a front of nearly 100 miles between Monastir and the Doiran region.

They have reached the confluence of the Vardir and the Cerna, the nearest northern point for the Serbo-Grecian forces.

The British troops, it was learned unofficially, have captured the town of Doiran, on Lake Doiran.

Serbian troops are five miles from Priit.

The Bulgarian War Office admits the retirement of their forces from two points near Monastir, north of Doiran.

USED TANKS ON SERBS

Report Comes from Paris They Were Used in Macedonia.

(By Cable) Paris, Sept. 24.—Tanks were used in the Serbian offensive in Macedonia, according to the "Echo d' Paris".

PROGRESS ON WESTERN FRONT

Enemy Attacks Again Repulsed. Allies Make Slight Gains.

(By Cable)

London, Sept. 24.—Last night the enemy attacked our positions southeast of Gavrelle, supplementing the assault with a heavy barrage. Haig announced to-day. The attack was repulsed and our lines remained intact. We improved our positions slightly, north of Moenvres by a successful minor operation.

Last night we gained a portion of the old British line southeast of Voormezele in Flanders. Fighting resulting in our advantage took place northeast of Vermand. Some progress is reported.

AMERICAN POSITION QUIET

Nothing Except Artillery Bombardments is Reported To-day.

(By Cable)

With the American Army in the Metz Front, Sept. 24.—Aside from artillery bombardments on important German centers with counter shelling of American positions the Woeyre front remains quiet.

BOLSHEVIKI FLEEING

Dispatches Say Russian Traitors are Fleeing to the South.

(By Cable) Amsterdam, Sept. 21.—Counter revolutionaries have captured Armarin, the Bolshevik forces fleeing to the south and southeast, dispatches from Kiev state.

ITALIANS ASSIST

Advance for Ten Miles on Left Flank of British.

(By Cable)

London, Sept. 24.—Italian troops on a portion of the left flank of the British and Greeks in the Vardar Valley advanced ten miles since yesterday, according to dispatches from the Salonika Front.

THE WEATHER

Part cloudy to-night and Wednesday. Probably showers to-night northeast portion. Slightly warmer to-night.

ALLIES VICTORY IN THE EAST

British Have 25,000 Prisoners.
Turks Lose Chance of Es-
cape Cut off.

GAINS ON WESTERN FRONT

Drive on to St. Quentin. Haig's Army
Gets Cambrai Sector. French Make
Progress.

London, Sept. 24—Twenty five thousand Turkish prisoners and 250 guns had been counted up to Sunday evening by General Allenby's forces pushing northward through Palestine, according to an official statement issued Monday by the War Office.

The War Office announcement says that the Seventh and Eighth Turkish Armies have virtually ceased to exist. The entire transport of these two armies was captured by the British.

Seizure by the British of the crossings of the Jordan at Jisr-el-Damer on Sunday morning shut the last avenue of escape to the Turks west of the Jordan.

Reports from the Palestine front this afternoon indicate that none of the Turkish force of at least 40,000 was trapped by the British through the seizure of the last of the passages of the Jordan can possibly get away.

Virtually the entire Turkish force is or will be accounted for in killed, wounded and prisoners. Hundreds of stragglers are being found wandering about in the mountainous country aimlessly, without a leader or a purpose.

The Turks had seven divisions south of Nazareth and west of the Jordan, but the exact total cannot be determined owing to the weakness of some of the Turkish divisions. The totals of the different units varying. The total of 25,000 prisoners reported, however, is believed to be far less than the final count will show, as at last reports prisoners were still being brought in. The capture effected by General Allenby, which is pointed to here as the quickest and most complete of the entire war, is counted as having definitely deprived the Turks of Palestine. In addition, besides the personnel of their army the defeat has cost them an immense amount of war material.

So far as is known the Turks on this front only had four airplanes, and these four have been captured.

With the British Army in France, Sept. 24—The continuous efforts of the enemy to dislodge the British from their positions about Epehy, which gravely threaten the Hindenburg line, have resulted in hard local fighting, with the odds in favor of the British. The British troops have clung tenaciously to their new defenses, while the weary and weakened Germans keep desperately hammering at them.

London, Sept. 24—The British have captured a German strong point northwest of Epehy, which has resisted for several days, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters last night.

With the British forces in France, Sept. 24—In a small attack east of Gavrelle, in the Arras sector, British troops Sunday night advanced their lines for an average depth of 600 yards along a front of 1,100 yards.

Haig's men gained several strong positions in the patches of forest on the high ground.

The British also have captured some ground southwest of Villers-Guislain on the front southwest of Cambrai, and have cleared out some enemy strongholds northeast of Rezonnoir after hard fighting which marked the greater part of Sunday night.

The German Sunday evening deliveries at Rezonnoir, at Berninnes, near Pommiers, supported by heavy artillery fire. A very important engagement followed, in which the German forces were driven into some of the British defenses. An immediate counter-attack, however, completely restored the situation.

London, Sept. 24—The British forces Sunday night attacked the German line between St. Quentin and Cambrai, opposite Le Cateau, making progress in the attack of the British forces. A group of British troops captured a group of German soldiers and a machine gun on the front northwest of Villers-Guislain. Field Marshal Haig announced.

Another enemy strong point near the Rezonnoir-Bony road, just to the south, also was taken by the British. A successful local attack was carried out south of Villers-Guislain.

Northwest of St. Quentin, the Germans perpetrated the British line at one point at Berninnes during an attack. The position was re-established by a counter-attack.

On the front between Arras and Lens there was a continuation of the advance movement in the neighborhood of Gavrelle. Southeast of that village English troops made progress on a front of three-quarters of a mile.

SEVEN GERMAN SHIPS FOR SPAIN

Compromise Effected for Ves-
sels Sunk by German Sub-
marines.

London, Sept. 24—The Spanish Government has found a way out of its international difficulties by following the path of compromise. The apparently contradictory messages telling the results of the negotiations with Germany which were sent in the course of the last three weeks, truthfully reflected the course of the deliberations, which were influenced by German bluff on one hand and the Spanish dislike of facing an unpleasant situation on the other.

The first reply to the Spanish note was an expression of willingness to discuss it in a friendly spirit. The second stage was a refusal to accept the seizure of German tonnage, as compensation for torpedoed Spanish ships. The third and last stage was reached at a meeting of the council held Sunday. On the personal intervention of the Queen mother, whose influence in German circles is considerable, the Germans offered to hand over seven of their interned ships and also respect the Spanish flag on the sea, provided it is taken by ships exclusively engaged in Spanish trade.

How the number seven was arrived at, when nearly 30 per cent of the Spanish merchant marine already has been destroyed, it would be hard to discover.

The whole proposal is framed in the interests of Germany, who, in this case, would appear to have enlisted the Queen mother in the course of the negotiations, which, however well and patriotically intended on her part—and no one will accuse her of being urged by any but the highest motives—cannot in the long run but be disastrous to Spanish interests. It is impossible to believe King Alfonso has been overruled by his political advisers.

JAPANESE ROUT ENEMY

Capture 2,000 Austrian and German
Prisoners.

London, Sept. 24—Blagovieschensk, capital of the Siberian province of Amur, and Alexievsk have been occupied by Japanese cavalry, according to information received by the Japanese embassy. Two thousand Austro-Germans were taken prisoner. They laid down their arms at Kokka.

The information, which was given out by the Japanese military attaché, is to the effect that Blagovieschensk and Alexievsk were occupied by Japanese cavalry converging from Khabarovsk and Tsinshar, September 18. Troops moving up the Amur river reached Blagovieschensk the following day.

Kokka, where the Austro-Germans laid down their arms, is on the right bank of the Amur opposite Blagovieschensk.

Another enemy formation has retreated to the upper reaches of the Zeya river.

U-BOAT REPORTED SUNK OFF COAST

Shell Fired at Three Miles Dis-
tance Causes Eruption From
Submarine.

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 24—A large German submarine which was lying in wait for transatlantic vessels 500 miles off the American coast, is believed to have been put out of commission, and perhaps sunk by the United States shipping board steamer ship Nansemond, formerly the German steamer Pennsylvania.

The encounter, according to Captain William MacLeod, began at 12:45 p. m. September 19, and lasted forty five minutes. Thirty four shots were fired by the steamer, one of which, a six-inch explosive shell, fired at a three-mile range, was followed by the eruption from the submersible of a cloud of black smoke mingled with splinters. Immediately after this shot the submarine, which previously had shown only her periscope, bobbed to the surface awash, and made slowly off.

An encounter with a submarine in the same vicinity was reported by a British ship's last arrival, with evidence of damage by shell fire. The boat crew believed they sunk the U-boat after a running fight during which the two vessels exchanged nine to ten shots. The freighter's charthouse was demolished and a lifeboat was destroyed.

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 24—The body of a negro sailor and a battered lifeboat, believed to have belonged to the torpedoed Portuguese steamer, were washed ashore here Monday. Three boats made port, but a fourth, containing seven of the crew, disappeared at sea.

It Always Was

We are so strong for the young mothers that even if the show is a little bunch of freckles weighing four pounds, we will take a solemn oath before a notary public that it is the prettiest and loveliest youngster we ever saw and fight anybody who denies it.—Exchange.

PROHIBITION BILL PASSED BY HOUSE

Hard Fight to Extend Time for
Sale of Liquor Is
Lost.

WINE IS ALSO BANNED

Manufacture of Beer to Cease and
Wines to Cease May 1, 1919, Ac-
cording to Rider Adopted.

Washington, Sept. 24—The prohibition measure making the nation bone dry after June 30, 1919, was passed by the House of Representatives last night without a rollcall by a vote of 171 to 34.

The vote was taken after the measure had been fought over for six hours and after repeated attempts to change the date for ending all liquor traffic had been defeated.

The prohibition measure is in the form of an amendment to the food-production bill, and it was passed by the Senate some time ago. Before passing it last night the House voted down a score of other amendments added to the bill by the Senate and sent it to conference, where a hard fight over the amendments dropped by the House is looked for before the measure with its prohibition feature is finally disposed of.

As the dry rider read when the House adopted it, manufacture of beers and light wines must cease on May 1, 1919, and the sale of all intoxicating beverages must end on June 30, 1919. The measure would enforce prohibition throughout the nation until after the demobilization of the fighting forces has been accomplished after the war.

Record Vote Is Evaded

The House was a bedlam all day, and when the vote was announced last night and the drys sought to secure a record vote, a hurried adjournment had to be voted to prevent a turmoil.

Representative Kahn, Republican, of California, with Representative Longworth, Republican, of Ohio, and Cannon, Republican, of Illinois, led the fight against the rider. Efforts made by Mr. Kahn to save the wine industry of California by extending the date for putting prohibition into effect from July 1 to December 31 of next year were defeated 52 yeas to 112 nays.

The Agricultural Committee, which had the measure in charge, inserted an amendment to the rider as it passed the Senate, permitting importation of wines until May 1, 1919. The amendment was adopted by the House in committee of the whole, but Mr. Kahn, declaring that it would put the domestic wine producers out of business by putting them in competition with the foreign winemakers, fought it on the floor and defeated it 131 to 59.

Another amendment, offered by Representative Beshlin, of Pennsylvania, fixing December 31 of this year, as the date for making the country bone dry was also defeated.

KING RECEIVES GOMPERS

Members of U. S. Labor Mission are
Warmly Greeted.

London, Sept. 24—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and the other members of the labor mission were received by King George. Mr. Gompers first was received alone. He had a chat with the King on labor problems and the mission of the American labor leader to England. Subsequently the King saw all the members of the mission together. Queen Mary joined them later.

The royal couple engaged in conversation with the members of the mission for more than an hour, both expressing high appreciation of the attitude of labor toward the war and wishing the Americans a safe return home.

FIFTEEN TARDY REGISTRANTS

Amusement Company at Hanover
Fair Had Failed to Register.

Fifteen men who went to Hanover with the Polack Brothers Amusement company and who had not registered for military service on September 12, last, signed up while in Hanover.

The Third County board was informed that there were a number of men with the shows, which went there from Canada, who were not registered.

It was decided to give them an opportunity to register while in Hanover before forcing them to do so. For this purpose temporary registration places were opened at Hartman's jewelry store and at the Y. M. C. A., where they finally embraced the opportunity to register.

FOR SALE: apple orchard, 4½ acres, in good bearing condition. U. S. Klinefelter, Biglerville.—advertisement

Optimistic Thought.
It is more laborious to conquer one's self than an enemy.

INFLUENZA AT THE ARMY CAMPS

Many Cases and Deaths at
Devens and Dix. Sailors
Ill.

Ayer, Mass., Sept. 24—Although sixty five deaths, resulting from influenza and pneumonia occurred at Camp Devens in the last twenty four hours, officials were confident the height of the epidemic had passed. Many organizations within the camp reported no new cases.

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., Sept. 24—With eleven deaths Monday and four Sunday night, in addition to those reported on Sunday's casualty list, the toll of the influenza-pneumonia epidemic at Camp Dix Monday reached sixty. All but two of the new victims are members of the Thirty-Fourth Division.

At Meade and Holabird

Camp Meade, Admiral, Md., Sept. 24—Spanish influenza has appeared at the cantonment, Major General Jesse McF. Carter, commander of the Lafayette Division, announced Monday afternoon. Unless there is an epidemic, the public gathering places will not be closed. The victims have been isolated.

"The situation is well in hand," said General Carter, "and there is no cause for alarm. A very small number of men are victims."

Baltimore, Sept. 24—Nearly 200 from Camp Holabird and the Government depot at Curtis Bay are patients at the United States General Hospital at Fort McHenry, suffering from a malady believed to be Spanish influenza. They have been arriving at the hospital steadily since last Friday.

Ships Crews Affected

New York, Sept. 24—Eighty five new cases of Spanish influenza were reported during the forty eight hours covering the week-end, according to health officials, who said no deaths had occurred.

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 24—An American transport arriving here Monday from another Atlantic port had aboard thirty six cases of Spanish influenza among the crew. They were removed to a hospital.

BANKER CLAIMS ENEMY BANKRUPT

American Bankers President
Says U. S. is Wealthier
Than Ever.

Chicago, Sept. 24—As a result of the nation-wide campaign for the sale of war savings and thrift stamps, more money is being saved in the United States at the present time than ever before, according to Charles A. Hirsch, banker, of Cincinnati. Mr. Hirsch gave out the information in the course of his address opening the annual convention of the American Bankers' Association, of which he is president. He added that business is not suffering as the result of the new economy of the American people.

"Thanks to war economy," the speaker said, "more money is being saved in this country than ever before, while business in general has not suffered from measures of thrift. I deal in commercial paper covering the country, and I have been amazed at the earnings in many lines of business."

"On a recent tour on which I investigated war finance conditions in nineteen states, I became convinced that patriotism is no less at home than at the front. We at home are just as sure of victory and just as ready for sacrifice."

Mr. Hirsch said that Germany is bankrupt, while the United States, with \$900,000,000,000 in wealth, can carry on the war indefinitely.

SHOT GUN IN CONGRESS

Member Making Speech Discharged
Weapon to Demonstrate.

Washington, Sept. 24—Members of the House were treated to a surprise Monday when Representative Tilson, of Connecticut, concluded a speech explaining the mechanism of a new gun for throwing hand grenades by discharging the weapon in the House chamber. There was a muffled report, and a cloud of smoke rose to the ceiling.

Foresight

An irreducible and not very judicial person had been listening to a lengthy argument on whether Ireland should or should not have home rule. Finally he could contain himself no longer and burst out: "I wish they'd give 'em home rule and then give me the motion picture rights."—Outlook.

GOVERNMENT civil service examinations everywhere October 5th. 12,000 clerks to be appointed at Washington. Salary \$1200. Experience unnecessary. Men and women desiring government positions write for free particulars, J. C. Leonard (former civil service examiner), 360 Kenos Building, Washington.—advertisement

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Interest.
Guests in Many Gettysburg
Homes.

MANY VISIT ELSEWHERE

Mention of People on Short Journeys
to Nearby Towns and those Spend-
ing the Day with Friends here.

Miss Edna Smith has returned to her home on Lincoln Way East, after spending a week with friends in Hanover.

S. E. Trimmer, Mrs. Clyde Daley

and Mrs. Freeman, of East Middle street, are spending the day in Harrisburg.

Donald Munshour and Elmer Haner

were recent visitors in Hanover.

Mrs. J. K. Lindemoor has returned to Mr. Holly Springs, after spending several days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tawney, on Steinwehr avenue. J. K. Lindemoor spent Sunday at the same place.

Miss Helen M. Comp, of Aspers Rd., left to-day for Reading where she will attend the Academy, located there during the winter.

MRS. HENRY EPPELMAN

Funeral Will be Held on Thursday
Morning.

Mrs. Elizabeth Eppleman, widow of Henry Eppleman, died Monday evening at 7:30 at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John H. Miller, of Menallen township. She was aged 80 years, 4 months, and 22 days.

She leaves the following sons and daughters: Mrs. F. A. Asper, Edward Eppleman, Mrs. J. H. Miller, Mrs. H. J. Bream, Harry Eppleman, Willis Eppleman, Aspers, and Mrs. J. H. Asper, York Springs. She also leaves 33 grandchildren and 29 great grandchildren, one brother, Abraham Hoffman, of Arendtsville, and a sister, Mrs. Edward Brough, of Biglerville.

Mrs. Eppleman was a daughter of Abraham and Mary Hoffman, deceased, of Biglerville. She was an active member of the Bendersville Lutheran church for 70 years. She leaves many friends in Adams County who mourn her loss.

The funeral will be held on Thursday morning, meeting at the home of Mrs. John H. Miller, at 9:30. Further services at the Bendersville Lutheran church and interment in the Bendersville Cemetery, Rev. W. D. E. Scott officiating.

Friends and relatives will please take this as notice of the funeral.

RUSSIA RENT BY LAWLESSNESS

Stories of Wholesale Murder and
Depredation Continue to
Come.

Washington, Sept. 24—Stories of wholesale slaughter of representative people and former officers because they are "dangerous to the Soviet", are told in further accounts reaching the State Department of the reign of terror in Russian cities, against which the American Government has called upon all civilized nations to protest.

All persons coming out of Russia bring reports of appalling conditions. Officers are shot at night in the cellars, the guns being muffled with silencers.

Peters, head of the Bolshevik extraordinary commission against counter revolution, is said to sign death warrants without reading the papers. The latest reports indicate the British and French consul generals in Moscow are under arrest in their houses. American Consul General Poole is at liberty and permitted to visit his colleagues. Mr. Poole, Monday's report says, is generally praised for his courageous and vigorous action.

The State Department has had no answer to the message sent last Saturday to the Allied and neutral nations in an effort to bring about a universal standing against the terrorism of the Bolsheviks in Russia. Secretary Lansing said that action may result from the sending of the note without any direct response, inasmuch as some of the neutral nations, at least, have representatives in Moscow and Petrograd, and through them may bring pressure to bear upon the Bolshevik leaders to put an end to the reign of terror.

It was noted in official circles that the message did not mention the Bolsheviks by name. It became known Monday that the State Department for eight months prior to their publication had full knowledge of the documentary evidence of German control of the Bolsheviks recently made public through the committee on public information. Secretary Lansing made it plain from the fact that the department had not made the documents public it was not to be inferred that there was any doubt as to their authoritative nature.

FOR RENT: two rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire Times.—advertisement

ON REDUCTION TABLE

100 Pairs	WOMEN'S OXFORDS
50 "	MEN'S "
50 "	BOY'S "

All of these goods are greatly reduced, and many of the pairs of boys and growing girls Oxfords would make exceptionally cheap footwear for school until the cold weather comes. If your size is here, buy them now and you will have bargain footwear for next summer.

None of these goods on approval—they must be tried on here—CASH ONLY.

Eckert's Store, "On the Square"

Burn Less Fuel— Get More Heat

Just as easily in your old home as though you built a new one. You needn't knock holes in the walls to install this furnace.

Only one register to cut, and no pipes to heat your cellar and destroy its storage value.

We want you to see this wonderful Caloric Furnace, and understand its principle of heating by circulation of air.

This may seem new and revolutionary, but it isn't. It's Nature's own method, and therefore the best. The.

PIPELESS CALORIC FURNACE

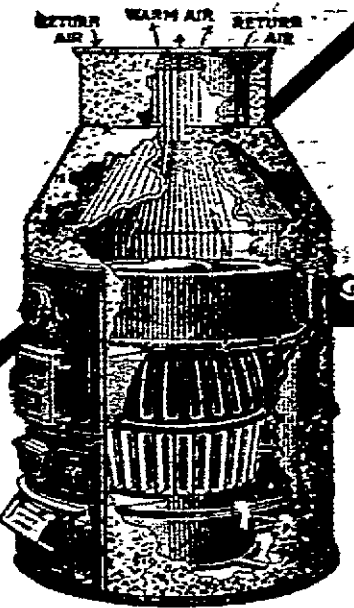
The Original Patented Pipeless Furnace

succeeds because instead of sending warmth slowly through long pipes it lets it rise naturally and unhindered in a great, house filling volume.

Being direct, this method takes less fuel than any other and gives greater satisfaction. It's guaranteed to heat your home satisfactorily or we take it out at our expense.

We'd like to give you a thorough explanation of its many advantages. Come in and see it. There is no obligation on your part, and we know you will be interested.

See the furnace installed at our store and let us estimate the cost to you.



ADAMS COUNTY HARDWARE CO.

The Old Sugar Cards

are no longer good
Grocers must now keep a
record of each sale on a
new form.
New forms are ready
and on sale
at

TIMES OFFICE

FOR SALE

One New 1918 Ford Touring Car,
Price \$600.00

S. G. BIGHAM, BIGLERVILLE, PA.

92 Head-Franklin Co. Breeders Sale

At CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

OCTOBER 7th, 1918, at 10 o'clock

In this sale are the best bred lot of Registered Holsteins ever offered at Public Sale in Southern Penn. Sons and daughters and grandsons and daughters of Rag Apple Korndyke, King of the Pontiac. Rag Apple Korndyke 8th, King Segis Pontiac Alcastra the \$5000.00 bull and many other noted sires of the Holstein Breed. Two REGISTERED PERCHERON MARE COLTS, 2 and 3 years old. 12 Head of fine grade cows.

Send for catalogue.

S. R. MILLER, Sale Manager,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

FOR RENT: two rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire Times.—advertisement

NEWS FROM THE COUNTIES NEARBY

Franklin, Cumberland, and York
Contribute Share of Happenings.

OF MUCH INTEREST HERE

Paragraphs of News Items from the
Sections Immediately Adjoining
Juniata County.

CUMBERLAND CO.

AEROPLANES FOR FAIR

The Carlisle Fair, the oldest continuous exhibition of its kind in the country, opened to-day with patriotic features forming a big part of the program. Thursday will be the big day and on that date, three aeroplanes from Mineola will fly in the interests of the Fourth Liberty Loan and there will be an address by Private Paul M. Jones, of Pershing's Army, inviolated to this country.

In addition there will be a monster Liberty Sing led by massed bands. The Council of National Defense will be in general charge. At the fair the new honor roll system will be introduced. In addition the Woman's Committee will have food conservation and welfare exhibits and the work of the Liberty Loan Committee and War Savings organization will be presented.

A novel plan will be introduced for the sale of War Savings Stamps by the girls of the Carlisle and Mechanicsburg Military Service Corps. Every purchaser of a stamp will receive a small card entitling him to some rank in the "Iron Brigade Reserves", an organization to back up the boys at the front. These run from "private" for the purchase of one Thrift Stamp to "marshal" of any one buying the limit.

KILLED IN BATTLE

Glyde Worth Greenawald, aged about 21, and Harry Shearer, aged about 23, both of Lemoyne, Cumberland county, are among the county young men who made the last supreme sacrifice for their country, both having been killed in action at the battle front in France, word to this effect having been received by their families. Private Greenawald was first reported severely wounded and gassed but later advices were that he was killed. Besides his parents he leaves several brothers and sisters. Private Shearer is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shearer Sr. and also leaves several brothers and sisters. Both were members of the Machine Gun Company organized by Captain Ralph C. Crow, of Lemoyne, formerly of Carlisle. Thus two more of Cumberland's brave sons have given their lives that the world may be a safer place in which to live and that autocracy may be crushed once and forever. It is understood that memorial services for these young men will soon be held in their home town of Lemoyne.

LT. DONALD FILLER WOUNDED

Dean M. G. Filler, of Dickinson College, Carlisle, has received word of the serious wounding of his son, Lieut. Donald Filler, of Company M, 326th U. S. Infantry, in battle in France, August 7. Dr. Filler had a letter from his son, dated August 4, written by himself and stating that he was gassed. Dr. Filler is not certain whether the telegram he received refers to the injury referred to by his son in his letter or not.

YORK COUNTY

FAIR AT SPRING GROVE

The Spring Grove Farmers' Co-operative club are making arrangements to hold a farmers fair on Saturday, October 5, afternoon and evening, in the firemen's hall at the Y. M. C. A. The afternoon session at 2 o'clock will be presided over by Miss Baer, of State college. Food conservation and the use of different substitutes will be discussed as well as many other subjects of interest to the women. In the evening at 8 o'clock D. W. Schmidt, also of State college, will be the principal speaker. His talk will be on better farm management, the good results obtained by farmers organizing, and other things of interest. The big feature will be the fair end of the program. There will be an exhibition all kinds and varieties of the product of the farm that can be obtained. The officers of the club are now making arrangements for the coming event. A list of premiums are to be announced later. The main object of the fair is to bring the farmers in closer relation with each other.

INJURED AT CLY

Frank Flory, Dallastown, a carpenter employed by Spahr Brothers, York, who was working at the plant of the American Phosphate company, Cly, sustained a fracture of the left

leg in a fall from a wall. He was thrown to the ground, a distance of about 14 feet, when a cable broke. Dr. John T. Lawson, of Dallastown, was summoned to Cly and found that Flory's leg was broken just above the ankle. He took the injured man to his home in his automobile.

BOY CAUGHT IN BELT

Caught in the belt of the engine which was operating a threshing machine on his father's farm in Dover township, Monroe Sylvester, 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad S. Myers, York, was instantly killed at 11:30 o'clock Saturday morning.

The Myers family moved to York a few months ago from the farm, which is located near Holtzschwam church. Monroe, who had accompanied his father to the farm Saturday morning, was caught by the foot and whirled about on the belt three times before the engine could be stopped. He was picked up unconscious and Dr. Eugene Elgin, East Berlin, was summoned, and found that death had been almost instantaneous.

He leaves his parents and five brothers and sisters.

AUTO TURNS SOMERSAULT

An automobile, in which were a number of passengers, performed a peculiar stunt, when it skidded going up a hill, at New Freedom, turned completely over, dumped out the occupants, smashed the top and then ran back to the foot of the hill on its own momentum without any further damage. The car was owned and driven by John Hale. He was accompanied by Rev. Mr. McCormack and two other clergymen, names unknown. They were on the way to Ecklio, Md. The occupants were painfully bruised, and one of the clergymen received a fractured hip and possibly internal injury. He was taken to Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore. The others continued on their way in the dilapidated car.

SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

A telegram was received from Washington, D. C., that Corporal George Gormany Flury, Co. D, 112th Infantry, was seriously wounded in action, August 9. Somewhere in France. He is a son of Abraham Flury, of Wrightsville.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

BOY GETS PARALYSIS

An eighteen-year-old boy, Charles Edgar Foreman, who resides in the home of J. P. Lightner, Chambersburg, has developed infantile paralysis in both arms. His condition, however, is not critical. The case was investigated by County Health Officer Kinter and the home quarantined.

NEW POSITION

Edwin B. Blair, who for the past fourteen years has been a clerk in the Greenawald drug store, Chambersburg, went with Miller's pharmacy on Monday, with a view of purchasing an interest in the establishment. Mr. Blair is a son of Harry Blair, of Chambersburg, and has been in the drug business since leaving school.

ELECTED SUPERINTENDENT

Rev. J. C. Coulson, who has been pastor of the Otterbein United Brethren church, Waynesboro, for the past three years, has been elected superintendent for the district comprising Franklin and Adams counties. This will possibly cause the Rev. Mr. Coulson to give up his charge there.

BIGLERVILLE

Biglerville—Miss Maggie Reed spent Sunday with Mrs. Ellen Wampler and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Taylor visited relatives in Arendtsville on Sunday. Misses Viola Kapp and Marie Mowery were recent Gettysburg visitors.

Mrs. Rebecca Heagy recently visited friends in Biglerville. Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Dugan spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Koser.

C. S. Longsdorf, of York, spent Sunday at his home on East York street.

Miss Lena Tanger spent the week-end at her home near Craigheads.

Robert Wampler, who is employed in Harrisburg, spent Sunday at his home.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rouzer were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Bowers.

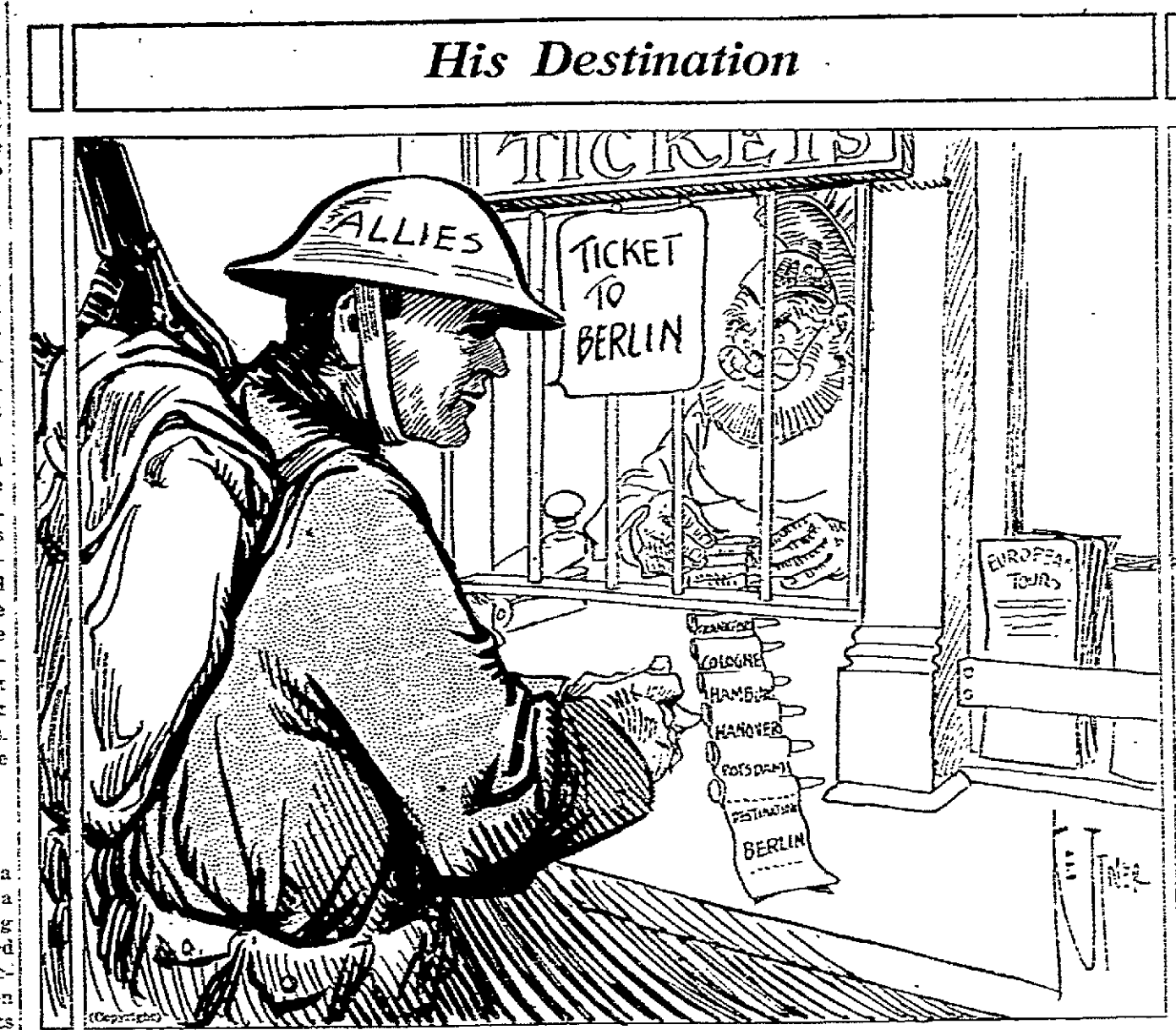
Miss Bertha Heiges has returned from Lancaster where she spent the past three weeks.

J. R. Gilbert spent Sunday in Harrisburg.

Miss Amanda Mummary spent the week-end in town.

Cops Stand the Strain.

A well-known scientist informs us that closing the eyes and relaxing the muscles for a space of five minutes several times a day helps one to stand the strain of war-time conditions. And here we have been blaming the cops when they were doing a wise and excellent thing, especially when they were wanted by belated citizens, who were holding a hurried session with stick-up men.—New York Times.



CASUALTY LIST FROM OVERSEAS

Those Killed, Wounded, Captured, and Missing Reported by Pershing.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The casualty lists issued by the War Department to-day contain 248 names, divided as follows: 121 killed in action, 24 missing in action, 63 wounded severely, 21 dead from wounds, three dead from accidents and other causes, five dead from disease, three wounded—degree undetermined, two wounded slightly, one dead from aeroplane accident, five prisoners. The Pennsylvanians:

Killed in action: Captains Orville R. Thompson, Pittsburgh; John M. Clarke, Wilkesburg; Edmund W. Lynch, Sharon Hill; Lieutenants William L. Deetzer, Philadelphia; Frank M. Giendennig, Pottsville; Frank J. Duffy, Philadelphia; Sergeants Edward J. Riehl, Philadelphia; Archie W. Thompson, Corry; Frank Foresti, Pittsburgh; Alfred Stevenson, Linwood; George Irvin Strawbridge, Reading; Corporals Jesse H. Walker, Chester; William Meinzer, Chester; Mechanic Charles Wright, Espsville; Private Harry W. Anderson, Crackenridge; John Francis Bender, McCarmel; Clarence H. Blithe, Chester; Ernest A. Clawson, Indiana; John A. Delaney, Chester; Horace L. Evans, Philadelphia; Frank L. Freeman, Pittsburgh; Ely F. Hilty, New Florence; Franklin N. Keich, Tamaqua; Emery L. Pratt, Dickerson Run; Stanley Probyls, Delancy; Daniel E. Reppert, Boyertown; George Levi Rota, Johnstown; Maurice Salsky, Philadelphia; Alexander Volpe, Philadelphia; Ernest Zander, Dushore; George Benigno, Philadelphia; Frank A. Dodge, Torrey; William T. Fallon, Swoyersville; Giuseppe Fanucci, Gleniron; James E. Griffin, Pittsburgh; Charles Grondowski, Natrona; Joseph E. Mauler, Pittsburgh; Thomas Murphy, Philadelphia; Albert J. Murray, Pittsburgh; William Myers, York; Nicolai Saza, Avonmore; William Smith, Chester; Harry J. Stromberg, Pittsburgh; Herbert Taylor, Chester; Philip Welsh, Salina; Harry Charles Woods, Apollo; Francis E. Young, Pittsburgh; Donovan Milton Anderson, Bradford; Charles Michael Corne, Pittsburgh. Dead from wounds: Private Irvin T. Moss, Tunkhannock.

Dead from disease: Chief Mechanic Walter Sanford Dugan, Philadelphia. Wounded severely: Corporal John Harry Bashore, Harrisburg; Privates Otis D. Smith, Cusaca; Fred Milton Stover, Sheffield; Edward L. Tiedt, Clarion; Leon Champluvier, Skippers; Eddy: Edward B. Dean Jr., Scranton.

Missing in action: Corporal Clifford P. Maxwell, Greensburg; Privates Clyde Conrad Crops, Nescopeck; Charles C. Engle, Delano; Robert Santee, Bentleyville. Prisoners: Sergeant Patrick H. Farrell, Altoona; Private Giuseppe Ardizzi, Philadelphia.

The Marine Corps casualties reported to-day number 21, divided as follows: one killed in action, one dead from wounds, seven wounded severely, one wounded—degree undetermined, two missing in action, one in hands of enemy.

Private John J. Dinnien, Philadelphia, is missing in action.

No Experience.

A kindergarten teacher was telling the children in her department about sparrows: concerning their ways and habits. Among other things she said: "The sparrows eat up the worms. Now children, which would you rather have, worms or sparrows?" "The never had sparrows," piped up a tiny boy near the front.

His Destination

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MARINE CORPS AGAIN RECRUITING

Men in the Draft Can Serve in Navy too by Induction.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels has outlined the program by which the navy and marine corps will obtain recruits through the draft.

Although voluntary enlistments are ended in a technical sense, men preferring naval or marine corps service are to be permitted an opportunity to obtain it through their local draft boards.

The navy is to receive through the draft an average of 15,000 men a month, and the marine corps 5,000 men a month for four months and 15,000 men a month thereafter. The navy is to be permitted to enroll about 10,000 of the students at college selected by the War Department for the students' army training corps, who are to compose the naval section of the corps.

Secretary Daniels said the new system of obtaining recruits through the draft had been adopted at a conference between General Crowder and representatives of the army, navy and marine corps.

"The navy will have an average monthly allotment of 15,000 men, which is not to be exceeded except in cases of emergency," said Secretary Daniels. "The majority of the 15,000 men will be taken from the run of the draft. Of these the navy officials will sort out the skilled men and will apply them to the following months demand for skilled men."

"Under the new arrangement, the naval recruiting officers will be known as mobilization officers, and mobilization centers are being established at central points. Philadelphia will be the mobilization center for Pennsylvania and Delaware. New York City will be the center for New York and New Jersey."

CROWD AT ST. IGNATIUS

Many Soldiers and Knights of Columbus at Field Mass.

Nearly four hundred people attended the Field Mass held at St. Ignatius church in Buchanan Valley on Sunday. Among those who were present were members of Companies A, B, and C, of the 33rd Battalion Tank Corps, of Camp Colt. Knights of Columbus from Chambersburg, Harrisburg and other nearby points were there in large numbers.

At the conclusion of the services, Father Whalen invited the assemblage to a bountiful dinner that was prepared in the hall.

LIBERTY HALL

Liberty Hall—The following spent Sunday at the home of W. T. S. Sites, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Twissden, Mrs. Amanda Boyd, Messrs. John Boyd and John Boyd Jr., of Gettysburg; Mrs. Gossert, of Shippensburg; Mr. and Mrs. James Boyd and William Boyd, of Orrtanna; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stultz and children, Murray, Elsie, Sterling, Margarette, Wilbur and Catharine, of the Lower Tract, and George F. Sites.

Mr. and Mrs. Washington Herring and Mr. and Mrs. Martin Baker spent Sunday with John Rider and family.

One day last week as James Hoffman was taking some eggs to Fairfield, the horse he was driving scared at a gasoline engine and ran to the side of the road throwing Mr. Hoffman from the buggy and breaking the eggs. Mr. Hoffman received minor bruises and cuts and after getting his horse proceeded on his journey, but the eggs were left by the wayside.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Kugler and daughter, Miss Gertrude, visited at the home of Jacob Benzell on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Kugler and son, Stanley, Miss Etha Sprengle, of Fountaindale, and Clarence S. Kugler, visited Mrs. Allen Weishaar and family recently.

Rosanna Sites is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. Preston Hall and sons, Stanley and Kenneth, visited Mr. Hull and family recently.

Mr. and Mrs. James R. White and children, George, Joan, Ruth, Margarette and Frances, Mrs. John Kime and Walter Kime visited Sherman Sites and family on Saturday.

Arthur Young, of Fountain Dale, visited his sister, Mrs. J. Walter Kugler, on Sunday.

Nearly all the silos in this community have been filled and the farmers report their corn not generally as good as last year.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. White and daughter, Mary Esther, visited at the home of W. C. Plank on Sunday.

Mrs. Margaret Riffe and Jacob Benzell spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Baker, of near Greensmount.

Eiker Brothers filled a large silo for J. Allen Pryor, last Thursday, in ten hours. The silo is 14 by 36.

Miss Grace Baltzley and Sherman Sites Jr., of near Orrtanna, spent Sunday at the home of W. T. S. Sites.

The public schools in Liberty township are strictly enforcing the vaccination law.

What Is Your Pleasure? When people can do as they please, what a revelation they sometimes give of their ideas of pleasure!

Daily Thought. Wisdom and intellect are twin born.—Cooper.

How He Did It. "The Man Who Conquered Fluore." We know him; when his last sneezing broke he found an old corset string and dipped it in shoe polish, and it worked all right.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Personal Items and Notes of Interest from the Various Communities.

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

Short Paragraphs Telling of Happenings in the Villages and Boroughs. Many Items of News are Gathered.

ABBOTTSTOWN

Abbottstown—The Abbottstown Literary Society will hold its first meeting of the season Friday evening at 8 o'clock. A program has been arranged for the evening.

The will of the late John S. Lillick was made public Saturday after the funeral. By its provision his wife has the use of the entire estate during the remainder of her life, after which it is to be divided between his two daughters and their children. His estate is estimated at \$15,000.

A campaign is being vigorously pushed here for the donation and gathering of clothes, of all descriptions, for the relief of the Belgian sufferers. The gifts of clothing may be sent or taken any time during this week to the store of J. J. Wolf, where provisions will be made for the packing and shipping of the goods. Clothing may also be brought to the meeting in the Reformed church Saturday evening, where it will be taken charge of by the Red Cross, by which the campaign is directed.

The first frost of the season occurred here Sunday morning. It, however, was not heavy enough to do any considerable damage.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Miller will move from here to Hanover, Tuesday, October 1.

Lieutenant Ernest W. Craumer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Zachariah Craumer, writes to his friends here that he will be located at Camp Perry, Ohio, until October 4, when the class of which he is a member will be removed. The destination is not known.

Floyd E. Wolf, Camp Meade, spent Saturday and Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wolf, and friends.

Mrs. G. M. Freed and Mrs. John H. Freed returned home Saturday from a week's visit to friends in Mt. Joy, Lancaster county.

Morell W. Miller, son of Dr. and Mrs. T. C. Miller, returned home Saturday from Philadelphia, where he was employed in the government works, and will resume his studies in Gettysburg College, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Becker, of Brush Run, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Stevens and family, Sunday.

Robert J. Chronister, York, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Chronister, Sunday.

Miss Annie Zartman, Hanover, spent Saturday and Sunday here among friends.

C. Laurin March, son of Mr. and Mrs. Allen J. March, who spent his summer vacation here with his parents, left here Sunday to resume his studies at State College.

Mr. and Mrs. William Roth and daughters, Pauline and Catharine, South River, N. J., are guests of Mr. Roth's brother, Abraham Roth, and family.

Isaiah Hoke and Charles Lefever, who are working in York, spent Sunday here with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. John Carbaugh and family, Berlin Junction, were the guests of Mrs. Carbaugh's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kahlbaugh, Saturday and Sunday.

LITTLESTOWN

Littlestown—Private Mervin Collins, who is stationed at Newark, N. J., returned to that place this morning, after having spent a five day furlough with his mother, Mrs. H. E. Collins.

Mrs. William Anthony and daughter, Sarah, Hanover, spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. Sarah Zerecher.

Mr. and Mrs. James Smith and two children, near town, and Miss Mary Smith, this place, spent the week-end with relatives at Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. William Comer, Frederick, spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. M. E. Comer.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Crouse and daughter, Evelyn, spent the week-end with Mrs. Crouse's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Harris, at Baltimore. Mr. Crouse will spend the week in the city.

John W. Mehring, Harrisburg, spent the week-end with his family in this place.

Misses Rose and Ella Barker returned home after spending several days with relatives and friends at York.

Miss Esther Julius, York, spent the week-end as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Krug, and family.

How He Did It. "The Man Who Conquered Fluore." We know him; when his last sneezing broke he found an old corset string and dipped it in shoe polish, and it worked all right.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.
Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials, one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished by sources which are strictly non-partisan.
If you receive THE TIMES by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within ten days after your money is received at The Times Office.
A number of complaints are received from readers of The Times because of late receipts of our issues sent through the U. S. Mail, and we take occasion to suggest that as we have no control over the publication after its delivery to the Post Office Authorities, any delay in transit should be immediately reported to the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C.

TO CONSERVE TIME LIVE ALL TOO FAST

Read Advertisements Carefully
Before Purchasing.

Only in That Way Can Shoppers Properly Determine What They Want, and Incidentally Help to Defeat the Hun.

(By William H. Rankin, President Wm. H. Rankin Company.)

More new, partially informed or misinformed sales clerks are behind the counters than ever before in history. The war has made great inroads upon the ranks of store clerks.

It now takes longer for you to make up your mind about a purchase because so often the clerk "doesn't know." You must rely more upon a minute inspection of the article and, not being an authority on the subject, often you either buy on chance or defer the purchase. Your time is wasted—and right in these days when so many war duties need every minute you can spare. The clerk's time is occupied in "waiting on you"—mostly "waiting" for you to sell yourself. Then, if you postpone buying, the store suffers a loss and the merchant's expenses are increased. That restricts his ability to buy Liberty bonds and contribute to the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, or Salvation Army.

There is a way for you to avoid this wasting of time—a way which quickly enables you to select meritorious articles regardless of uninformed clerks.

It is: Read advertisements.
Advertising offers you a labor-saving buying guide. It furnishes the merchant and the manufacturer with labor-saving salesmanship. Advertisements are written by people who are thoroughly posted about the advertised articles. One good salesman can, by printing his talk, tell many thousands of people what they wish to know, where he could only inform a few if he had to rely on his voice.

Advertisements are, then, in reality well-informed salesmen talking to you in print. Their language is carefully chosen and condensed—to tell you facts in as few words as possible. Very seldom does anyone advertise unless he has an unusually good product to offer. The cost of advertising automatically bars the unbusinesslike.

On the other hand, advertising is the cheapest way a successful product can increase its sale—for thousands are told the story in print where the same expense would tell only a few in person.

So read advertisements that describe the things you need or tell you of products you should have. Read advertisements everywhere—in newspapers, magazines, etc.

Make up your mind as to what you want before you enter the store. Then "green" clerks won't interfere with your selection of dependable articles.

Advertisements put you regarding the quality and how a good improvement in methods, etc. They keep you posted on the things with the least trouble on your part.

Advertising in a word is the store clerk's best friend. It is the store clerk's best friend.

Advertisements saved the people of Gettysburg from a great loss of money. The people of Gettysburg are now better off than they were before the war.

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NIGHT BOMBING RAID DESCRIBED

Giant Machine Makes Successful Attack on German Railway Depot.

EXPERIENCE IS THRILLING

High Above Enemy Barrage and Searchlights Plane Wings Way in Darkness Till Lights of Objective Form Target.

By CAPT. PAUL BEWSHER.

London.—The observer settled himself beside the pilot in the big bombing machine. On either side the engines roared thunderously. The signal was given and the machine moved forward, turned into the wind and rushed across the grass into the dim night.

It climbed swiftly in wide circles, and below could be seen the dim countryside where a few scattered lights twinkled. Far to the right lay a winding river, like a thread of silver ribbon. Beside the silver ribbon, nearly 200 miles away, lay the German town which formed this night's objective.

In front of the two airmen glowed the phosphorescent dials of the recording instruments. Soon they registered sufficient height for the machine to turn toward the fighting line, up and down which great white star-bells were rising, to hang suspended for a few moments before fading out into the darkness.

The winglights were switched off, the lines were crossed, and friendly territory left further and further behind.

Far ahead the glare of many blast furnaces could be seen, and above them the long, white fingers of German searchlights swept restlessly to and fro.

We flew on steadily, vainly sought by the searchlights and unscathed by the fierce barrage of shells which burst thickly far below them.

Over Enemy Territory.

Soon the first barrier of defense was passed, and for a long time we flew over idle upon mile of enemy territory, over dimly lit towns and sleeping fields and villages. We passed a big city lying on the bank of the river. We could see the bridges, black across the band of silver, and over the city swept three long searchlights. Still we flew on, leaving the city far behind. On either side the engines roared steadily. Behind us hung in readiness the yellow bombs.

When we had been flying over German territory for more than two hours we saw ahead of us on the river the lights of another big city. This was our objective, and at once the machine swept toward it.

The observer crawled into the back and, lying face down, opened the sliding door in the floor of the machine. Below him lay a square of moonlight country on which he could see a little scattered village and the edge of a forest. And then the twisting river came into his view. He leaned his head out of the hole and saw the black mass of the town a little ahead of the machine.

Already he had noticed the dark hue of the railway running into the city. The pilot steered the machine round by the observer's directions, so that it might follow the railway, and so find surely the great railway junction that was to be the target for his bombs.

Two searchlights had now sprung up, and here and there in the sky burst a few random shells. He could see the puffs of smoke, white in the moonlight, drift beneath him.

Hit Railway Junction.

We ignored the searchlights and flew steadily on with engines roaring. The big city twinkling with hundreds of carefully shaded lights lay spread now below the observer's feet. The fore-and-aft lamp of the bomb sight drew near the station and touched it. The observer's hand reached out to the bomb release lever at his side.

The luminous range bars crossed the edge of the junction. He pushed the lever hand over, drew it back and pushed it over again and again. Below he could see for a moment the red cylinders spinning down toward the railway junction.

He climbed up beside the pilot and told him to turn. The searchlights erratically swept to and fro with every suggestion of panic, fear or lack of skill. The airmen laughed at them and, sweeping round, started on their homeward journey.

The observer was looking down intently to the black triangular mass of the railway junction, with its crowded sidings. A great spurt of red flames leaped up at its edge as the first bomb exploded. Then another followed it, and yet another. The fifth caused a tremendous explosion, followed by blinding white flames—acres of it. Clearly an ammunition train had been hit.

Then the others burst, one after another, leaving the railway junction shrouded in moonlit smoke through which the red light of a growing fire glared dimly.

Did He Really Mean It?

Mont Vernon, N. Y.—A sign in front of a local theater reads: "The devil with the Kaiser and Big Vanda sits here."

Uncle Pennywise Says:

We must have enough unwritten law now to provide a precedent for most any kind of a case.

WAR HAS TAUGHT VALUE OF THRIFT

People Have Learned How Senseless and Unnecessary Common Practices Are.

RETURN TO SIMPLE LIFE

Those Not Willing to Deprive Themselves of Some Comforts Ungrateful For What Boys "Over There" Are Doing For Us.

By JAMES W. GERARD, Former Ambassador to Germany.

In the days before the war it often seemed to me that the immigrant who came here with practically nothing and who left an education and often a competence to his children lived as all men should live. He worked hard and well and saved his money. Then as his circumstances permitted he placed his family in comfortable surroundings. Often he got hold of a little piece of ground and raised a part of his food supply. Such men as these told me often that American life presented very few difficulties to a man who wanted to become wealthy through his own efforts.

Of course, these people did not have the things that many of their neighbors thought vitally necessary. There was no show, no ostentation, nothing merely to impress their associates and neighbors. And after all man is a simple being. His wants are few, once he gets out of an artificial point of view.

Return to Simple Living.

Since the war has come with its necessity of curtailed expenditure many persons and families are approaching the state of simple living. They are being vastly benefited. A mental and spiritual betterment comes with simple living and thinking. There is also a great gain in resource. No man need ever fear that he will become inferior through the practice of thrift. Thrift simply means using the right things for the right purpose and putting aside the surplus.

If the war has done nothing else it has at least taught to many persons the value of thrift. The human mind is prone to attach labels to things. Because a thing is done it is done more and more. Once the individual gives thought to life and living he sees how senseless and unnecessary are some of the practices to which he thought he was committed for the rest of his life. Too many people in America are living beyond their means in order to vie with some richer neighbor. Why risk your children's future and education through a silly imitation induced by false pride?

To do anything well is a fine training for any man or woman. The practice of thrift is only the utilizing in the most scientific and exact ways of an individual's resources. It is character building and angles of man almost the master of his destiny.

Prove Superiority to Hun.

The situation of the world at the present time says to civilized man: Prove that you are fitted to survive the Hun; prove that you are worthy of being preserved. For a wasteful use of materials at the present time is a crime against civilization. The war cannot be won unless the nation and the individual practice the most exact thrift. If we as a race cannot do this we are not fit to be the dominant factors in the world. We can and we will. The Hun and the state of affairs brought about by him are a challenge to our civilization. We accept the challenge and we will win the victory.

We could not do less. Our own countrymen and our brothers in arms are living in the midst of the greatest danger abroad. They are subsisting only on the vitally necessary foods and their general situation is lacking in comforts. We will deprive ourselves of some of our own abundant comfort that they may have the necessities of life. We must not prove unworthy for what they are doing for us. We do not wish to live in an envying effort while they are suffering and giving the lives that we may survive.

There is for those who are rich or superfluous or who merely have money and extravagant tastes another and a practical code.

Money Must Be Had.

We must have the money to carry on the war. If money does not come to the government from the country's present stock of money, then it must be created for the war effort.

Additional money means inflation and that means a fall in the worth, in the purchasing power of the dollar.

So that every one who has an income, a salary or invested capital of any kind, bonds, mortgages or other obligations of state or city or railway, should be vitally interested in practicing thrift, and thereby maintaining the value of the purchasing power of his own property.

But a further argument of all—the spending of money now unnecessarily is senseless, even criminal.

Are we to feast while our sons and brothers are over there and by our very feasting put their stomachs in jeopardy?

No ruler ever led people as efficiently to war as does our great president. Back him up.

New Food for Horses.

A new substitute for oats made with coarse treacle is given to horses in Paris.

GASFUMES DEADLY

Devilish German Device Fatal to All Forms of Life.

Without Proper Masks There Is No Escape—Even Rats in the Trenches Succumb—Horses Now Fitted With Respirators.

The intensity of the phosgene gas wave can be gathered from the fact that buttons and ammunition were quickly corroded and turned a villainous green color. In a few cases riders struck and Lewis guns jammed, owing to the effects of the gas on the ammunition and the breech mechanism. One good thing about the attack was that most of the rats in the trenches were killed. All attempts to clear them out had been useless. But what ferrets and terriers and virus could not accomplish the Boche gas did.

Curiously enough, two kittens, which inhabited the dugout of the commanding officer of one of the battalions of the Scottish Borderers, who were in reserve, came through it alive. The kittens were badly gassed and lay breathing rapidly, suffering from spasms and with profuse salivation. Possibly their fur helped to absorb some of the gas for five hours later the little victims were almost themselves again, though they continued to cough occasionally and drank water continually. The water they took in preference to milk.

The fourth German attack of 1918 was made June 17, in Flanders, near Meuse. Like those of April, it was intensely strong, very short, and went over in successive waves at intervals of about 20 minutes. I had no personal experience of this attack, but the cloud must have been very strong, for it killed animals at "Plumstreet," three and a half miles away, and was quite distinctly perceptible even at Berhane. At the "Pigeeries"—the remains of a model farm in rear of Plumstreet Wood belonging to a notable French sportsman—a calf was found dead, after the passage of the cloud, with the body very much blown out. Dead rats lay in close proximity.

Even farther back than this animals were seriously affected. The army mules in the line of the gas were seized with fits of coughing and kicking violently, making them even more difficult to handle than usual. It is probably not realized that horse masks are now issued on a scale sufficient to provide protection for all horses and mules, such as those of the first line transport and the artillery, which have to approach anywhere near the lines.

The present form of these respirators is that of a big bag soaked in chemicals which fits over the animal's nostrils, leaving its mouth free so that the use of the bit is not interfered with. When not in use, the horse respirator folds up very nicely and neatly into a canvas case which can be carried on the broadband of the harness or any place from which it can be quickly adjusted. Some of the animals take to the masks—"horsepirators," some have called them—quite quickly, but others are strenuous objectors; some of those hardened sinners, the mules, transferring themselves into masses of teeth and hoofs whenever an attempt is made to fix on the gas bags.

These masks have proved of the greatest value and have saved many a number of horses' lives. The cavalry are not provided with them, as it is not anticipated that they will be near enough to be affected by gas cloud attacks, and when the cavalry are mounted and in action it is unlikely that they will meet even poison gas shells in large numbers. Added to this is the fact that a horse can stand more gas than a man without being distressed.—Maj. S. M. J. Auld in Saturday Evening Post.

Brave Milk Girls of Reims.

The little milk girls of Reims are given high rank by Paul Dramas of that martyred city. In an article he has written praising the heroism displayed by the women of Reims.

"The little milk girls," he writes, "will never be forgotten at Reims. Milk was a necessity for the children, the aged and the sick. Thanks to the little milk girls they never went without. The thinking of their little bell announced their arrival and for 45 months they traversed all the streets of the city. Many a time they were taken by surprise by a storm of shells. Three of them had to be carried away on stretchers, yet the others continued on their route so that the children and sick should have their milk all the same. On February 28 we heard the thinking of their bells for the last time. The little milk girls were sent out of the city. They had filled their mission to the very end, for after that there were no longer in Reims either children, aged or sick. All had left."

Try New Preventive for Rabies.

The production of a new serum with which animals and man can be made immune to rabies may result from experiments recently conducted by a French scientist. The brain of a rabbit which had died of rabies was treated with sulphuric ether and then mixed with a special preparation, forming an emulsion. By injecting a weakened solution of this emulsion under the skin, immunity to rabies has been produced which appears to be both lasting and effective. No bad effects, it is said, result from giving the injection. (The serum has, so far, only been tried on animals.—Popular Mechanics.)

Spasmodic Sermon.

A man's character is determined by what he does—his reputation by what he gets caught at.

Color of Copper.
Absolute purity is never more than a light gray color like that of most other metals, since it is found that copper which has been ten times distilled in vacuo has only a pale rose color, while the yellow color of gold becomes much lighter under similar treatment.

TYPEWRITERS
SALE OR RENT
Repairs and Supplies for All Machines
Phone, Office 2136 E. Res. Gettysburg, Pa.
C. L. EICHOLD, Z.
NEW OXFORD, PA.

NOTICE!

All persons are hereby warned against trespassing on the land of the undersigned under penalty of the law.

Mrs. W. S. Morrison,
Menallen Township, 1 mile north of Bendersville, Rt. 1, Gardners, Pa.

(Medical Advertising)
THIN, IRRITABLE CHILD

Gained Flesh, Strength and Good Nature by Taking Vinol.

Middletown, Conn.—"I used Vinol for my little girl 5 years old for a run-down, nervous condition. She was thin, irritable all the time and had no appetite. In a week I noticed an improvement, and now she has a good appetite, has gained in flesh and strength and is much pleasanter to live with."—Mrs. C. B. Wilkinson.

There is no secret about Vinol. It owes its success in such cases to beef and cod liver essences, iron and manganese phosphates and glycerophosphates, the oldest and most famous body-building tonics known. People's Drug Store and druggists everywhere.

PUBLIC SALE

ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at his residence, 43 East Middle street, on the above day and date, the following:

HOUSEHOLD GOODS
Rockers; washstands; chiffonier; two beds; two dressers; clothes rack; kitchen cabinet; kitchen chairs; carpets; mattresses; rugs; oilcloths; dishes of all kinds; crocks; jars; lawn mower; pick; shovel; all kinds of cooking utensils; porch swing; washing machine; step ladder; Christmas toys. Many articles not herein mentioned.

Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock, when terms and conditions will be made known by

BERNARTT WOUTERSZ.

WHEN NEURALGIA ATTACKS NERVES

Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and relieves pain

A little, applied without rubbing, will penetrate immediately and rest and soothe the nerves.

Sloan's Liniment is very effective in allaying external pains, strains, bruises, aches, stiff joints, sore muscles, lumbago, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatic twinges.

Keep a big bottle always on hand for family use. Druggists everywhere.

Sloan's
Liniment
Kills Pain

(Medical Advertising)

Try This To Banish All Rheumatic Pains

People who have been tormented for years—yes, even so crippled that they were unable to help themselves—have been brought back to robust health through the mighty power of Rheuma.

Rheuma acts with speed; it brings in a few days the relief you have prayed for. It antagonizes the poisons that cause agony and pain in the joints and muscles and quickly the torturing soreness completely disappears.

It is a harmless and inexpensive remedy, but sure and certain, because it is one discovery that has forced rheumatism and sciatica to yield and disappear.

Begin the Rheuma treatment today, and if you do not get the joyful relief you expect, your money will be returned. People's Drug Store always has a supply and guarantees it to you.

Begin the Rheuma treatment today, and if you do not get the joyful relief you expect, your money will be returned. People's Drug Store always has a supply and guarantees it to you.

Chas. Rinehart, Auctioneer.

SALE of CORD WOOD

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1918.

The undersigned will sell on the premises, a rich Camp Sid-ing, on the York Pike, about one mile east of Gettysburg. A large quantity of cord wood, said to contain about one hundred cords, more or less.

This wood was consigned to R. G. Larimer & Co., and will be sold as a whole for the payment of freight and demurrage due on the same.

Sale to be held at 2:00 p. m. Terms cash.

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY COMPANY

Chas. S. Duncan, Attorney.

Jas. Caldwell, auctioneer.

FOR SALE!
1918 FORD
Touring Car
Fully equipped with demountable rims. Run about 900 miles.
Apply
Joseph H. Krug,
Center Square Garage
LITTLESTOWN, PENNA.

NOTICE

Estate of J. Wm. Garlach, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, Penna., deceased.

The undersigned having been duly appointed auditor to make distribution of the balance shown by the First and Final Account of Sarah F. Garlach, executrix of the last Will and Testament of J. Wm. Garlach, late of Gettysburg, Penna., deceased, will sit at his office in the Borough of Gettysburg, Penna., on Wednesday, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1918, at 10:30 a. m., to discharge the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested are notified to attend and present their claims.

WILLIAM HERSH, Auditor.

August 25th, 1918.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE FARM ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5TH, 1918.

The undersigned heirs-at-law of John H. Dutera Sr., late of New Oxford, Adams County, deceased, will offer at public sale on the premises:

All that farm situate in Straban Township, Adams County, fronting on the public road leading from Beaver Run to Stone Jug, adjoining lands of Wm. B. McElheney, Frank Beamer, Addison Horner, Jacob M. Weaver, Chas. Black, Roy Yeager, Philip Weaver's heirs and the Woodsie school house lot, of Straban township, improved with a two-story weather-boarded dwelling with 1 1/2 story out-house, large bank barn with wagon shed attached, hog pen, carriage house, implement shed, and other out-buildings, and containing 10 1/2 acres, more or less. The land is in good state of cultivation, and the property is desirable as country home and farm.

Sale to commence at 1:30 P. M., when terms and conditions will be made known by

GEORGE H. DUTERA,

MAGGIE L. DUTERA,

MARY S. RITTAGE,

JOHN H. DUTERA,

Edw. A. Trostle, Auctioneer.

J. L. Williams, Attorney.

Heirs-at-Law.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND BUTCHERING BUSINESS ON THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1918.

The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, in pursuance of an Order of Sale to them directed by the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, the Real Estate and Butchering equipment of W. J. Miller, consisting of a Lot of Ground situate South of West High street, New Oxford, Adams County, Penna., containing about one-half (1/2) acre, improved with a large brick and cement slaughter house, new brick barn, smoke houses, cattle shed, together with all the slaughter house equipment and machinery, including a Geyser Engine, Weaver kettle, range, cauldrons, steam kettles and grinders, stuffers, presses, etc., together with a full line of butchering fixtures, scales, blocks, ice box, racks, safe, cash registers, meat slicers, delivery wagons, harness, belting, etc.

Also two good horses, fearless of steam and adapted to the butchering business. This is a modern plant; thoroughly equipped with all machinery and appliances for the business, and in excellent condition.

Sale at one o'clock P. M., when terms will be made known by

T. E. WARNER,

C. E. DIEHL,

Assignees.

Chas. Rinehart, Auctioneer.

Chas. Rinehart, Auctioneer.

Chas. Rinehart, Auctioneer.

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Chas. Rinehart, Auctioneer.

WAR DEVELOPS WEIRD SCHEMES

One Inventor Would Snatch Enemy Rifles by Means of Magnets.

FLEA SHELL IS OFFERED

Then There is the Scissors Plane, the Tally-Ho Cannon, and the Moon Veil—Aeronautics Favored by Inventors.

London.—Pushing the war on is the latest popular hobby. It's a great amusement. Perhaps you have a tame balloon to snatch the rifles from the enemy's hands by means of suspended magnets; or, maybe, a few spare snakes to hurl into the trenches by pneumatic propulsion; or, perhaps, a shell with a man inside it to steer it at the target. If so, pack in brown paper and dispatch to Inventions Department, British Ministry of Munitions. Some months later you will receive a polite notification informing you that your invention is receiving their collective and "earnest attention."

Meanwhile your competitors have supplied suggestions for:

A shell to contain fleas or other vermin inoculated with disease.

The spraying of cement over soldiers so as to petrify them.

The throwing of live wire cables carrying a high voltage among advancing bodies of infantry by means of rockets.

Germany should be attacked in one case by making a "tube" all the way, and in another by employing trained camorists to fly to Essen and pick out the mortar from Krupp's chimneys.

One inventor proposes a machine of the nature of a lawn mower as large as a tank to make mincemeat of them.

The Scissors Plane, a New Idea.

The clouds are to be frozen artificially and guns mounted on them; heavy guns are to be suspended from captive balloons; the moon is to be covered with a big black balloon; airplanes are to be armed with scissors; scythes, like Bonaparte's chariot, or to trail bombs behind them on a long cord; heat rays are to be projected for the purpose of setting Zeppelins on fire; electric waves to paralyze the magnets.

One of the most popular suggestions of all is to attach a searchlight to an antiaircraft gun, get the light on the object and shoot along the beam; but, unfortunately, the path of a shell is quite different from that of the ray of light. Most elaborate "decoy" schemes are sometimes worked out for the confusion of the enemy, comprising in at least one case sham factories with chimneys and hooters complete. Not unnaturally aeronautics have been favored by the inventors. Many seem to have thought that the lifting power of hydrogen is unlimited, for they have suggested armored-plated balloons, the transport of artillery by airplane and of troops by balloon.

Shells and projectiles have received not a little attention. Proposals include a shell containing gravel to lay a pathway over mud; another containing irritant powder or sticky substance to hamper machine guns, and another for holding many thousand feet of wire, weights and a clock motor.

Many inventors of a device requiring a knowledge of ballistics betray no knowledge that such a science exists. By one scheme two guns are to be fired simultaneously, the shot being connected by a chain to which bombs and incendiary devices, etc., are to be attached. It is clear that variations in powder or differences in wear would make it im-

possible to predict which direction the device would take.

Then There is the Relay Shell. Another favorite subject, mechanically unsound, is the "relay shell," a shell acting as a small gun discharged in mid-air and expelling a small inner shell, the object being to obtain an increased range. The fact is that a shell in flight does not point directly along its trajectory, but makes an uncertain angle with it, so that accuracy of aim would be impossible.

In the group of inventions coming under the head of motive power the majority are of the "overbalancing wheel" type, which dates from the thirteenth century. Power is to be obtained from other schemes of people "killing about" floors and up and down stairs; passenger lifts are to be used as power engines, and power is to be generated from the flow of rain water from the roofs of houses.

Suggestions are also frequently received in connection with colored searchlights. The most remarkable proposition of all in connection with searchlights is perhaps that of a "Mach beam," whatever that may mean, for obscuring the moon.

Many inventors are absolutely impervious to argument or explanation and are always dissatisfied with the treatment they receive. In this respect they contrast unfavorably with a foreigner who submitted an engine which would not work, and concluded the correspondence with thanks and the admission that he was "completely cured" of the idea.

Boy, Page Mr. Hoover.

Martins Ferry, O.—Here's a case for Hoover. Following a wedding here, 259 spring chickens were consumed by the guests.

SAYS WIFE IS PRO-GERMAN

Man Makes Serious Charges Against Mate Who Sues Him for Non-Support.

Quebec Bay, N. Y.—Charging his wife with pro-Germanism when she caused his arrest on the ground of non-support, Benjamin Burnham declared in court that she had destroyed four American flags, a picture of Washington and one of Lafayette and had exclaimed to him:

"The crown prince ought to be walking on Broadway, dragging President Wilson behind him."

Burnham said that his wife took their children to the woods so they would not see the patriotic parade on July 4. He promised the court he would support his family.

MARINE APPLICANT IS LED TO WRITE SONG

St. Louis.—Harold Holland of this city went down to marine recruiting headquarters here and applied for enlistment. He was accepted, but his draft board refused to release him. While at the recruiting station he was so impressed with the marines that he wrote words and music of a song entitled, "You Great Big Handsome Marine." The song has been printed and now is sung daily at the marine recruiting rallies.

FOR SALE

Sow and Six Pigs

Four Weeks Old

Apply

David G. Lott,

Rt. Gettysburg.

Phone 617-H.

(Medical Advertising)

SOUR STOMACH

Mi-o-na Puts the Stomach in Fine Shape in Five Minutes.

If your stomach is continually kicking up a disturbance, if you feel bloated and distressed, if you belch gas and sour food into the mouth, then you need Mi-o-na Stomach Tablets.

Mi-o-na stomach tablets give instant relief, of course, but they do more; they drive out the poisonous gases that cause fermentation of food and thoroughly clean, renovate and strengthen the stomach so that it can readily digest food without artificial aid.

Mi-o-na stomach tablets are guaranteed to end indigestion, acute or chronic, or money back. This means that nervousness, dizziness and biliousness will disappear. Druggists everywhere and People's Drug Store sell Mi-o-na.

NICKS FRIEND FOR \$450

Lydia Pulls Fake Marriage Ceremony and Now Husband Is Planning Dire Things.

Cleveland, O.—Lydia—that's the only name the police will give for her—had an "awfully good time" making a friend think he was getting married to her while it cost the friend \$450. Lydia is married, but that made little difference in her sweet young life. She met the other man in her husband's place of business and in a few days agreed that they ought to be married. They visited a nearby town, where a girl friend sang a ragtime song in German as the ceremony, the victim thinking she was qualified to perform the wedding. Then he handed over his savings of \$450 and the girls spent it. The case is under advisement, while the husband and near-husband are planning dire things for Lydia.

WOULD SAVE IRISH FARMS

Reconstruction Committee Plans to Get Land Into the Hands of Skilled Cultivators.

Dublin.—Irish farmers have been started by a proposal made by the reconstruction committee that the government purchase some of the Irish farms which are not being cultivated and sell them to competent cultivators or employ skillful and progressive farmers to cultivate them. Sir Horace Plunkett, a member of a subcommittee, has reported that some Irish farms are occupied by incompetent or incapable men, who will not improve their methods under instructions or if punished by penalties. The land deteriorates and is wasted for several years, while the occupant grows poorer and poorer and generally is crushed by his creditors.

German Got a Word.

Easton, Pa.—In a letter to a word of German in the kitchen at the Northampton Country club, Eugene Bellon, the chef, established this rule for his staff, and has given \$5 to the Red Cross, collected from penalties inflicted.

Use Napoleon Earrings.

New Castle, Pa.—In a letter to his mother here, James A. Patton said that when the battalion to which he is attached landed in France it passed three days in a barracks erected for the soldiers of Napoleon more than a century ago.

Will It Return to Its Owner?

Flexible tips feature new umbrella ribs, which their inventor claims will prevent an umbrella from being blown inside out.

(Medical Advertising)

CHEMIST WINS LASTING GRATITUDE

"I tried several doctors and all kinds of medicine, and had about given up all hope of getting better. I did not think it possible that any medicine could be so wonderful in its effect as May's Wonderful Remedy has proven in my case. You sure have won my lasting gratitude. I could not work at all and had constant pain in my stomach before taking your medicine. It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. People's Drug Store and druggists everywhere.

(Medical Advertising)

BACK LIKE A BOARD? IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

There's no use suffering from the awful agony of lame back. Don't wait till it "passes off." It only comes back. Find the cause and stop it. Diseased conditions of the bladder or kidneys are usually indicated by stiff lame back, wrenching pains, lumbago, sciatica, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired, worn-out feeling, pain in the lower abdomen. These are nature's signals for help!

Here's the remedy. When you feel the first twinges of pain or experience any of these symptoms, get busy at once. Go to your druggist and get a box of the pure, original GOLD MEDAL Haaslein Oil Capsules, imported fresh every month from the laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. Pleasant and easy to take, they almost instantly attack the poisonous germs that are clogging up your system and bring quick relief.

For over two hundred years they have been helping the sick. Why not try them? Sold everywhere by reliable druggists in sealed packages. Three sizes. Money back if they do not help you. Ask for "GOLD MEDAL" and be sure the name "GOLD MEDAL" is on the box.

BETRAYERS HATED

Latin Countries Execrate Memory of Judas Iscariot.

His Effigy Burned, Hanged and Scourged Throughout Spain and Portugal on Good Friday—Picturesque Mexican Rite.

In Latin countries the worst persecuted person is Judas Iscariot. They never let up on him. When it comes to chronic trouble he has the Wandering Jew beaten to a frazzle.

On Good Friday of each year he is burned, hanged and scourged all over Spain and Portugal.

On board of Portuguese ships he is ducked, lashed to the capstan and beaten to tatters with knotted ropes, kicked about the deck, hanged to the yardarm and finally burned. The ship's bell is kept going all the time, and the sailors work themselves into a frenzy over the performance.

In all such affairs Judas, of course, is represented by an effigy—usually a suit of clothes properly stuffed and provided with a head and hands of sorts. He may also have a long beard, by which to yank him insultingly about.

The city of Lisbon, however, makes the really impressive Good Friday celebration. In front of nearly every house a grotesque figure supposed to represent the arch-betrayer is set on a sort of funeral pyre or else suspended high in air by a rope across the street. In the latter case it is filled with straw and gunpowder.

At stroke of noon the bell of the great cathedral tolls. Fire is set to all the pyres and the dangling effigies are exploded.

All over South America Judas is hanged on Good Friday. In Mexico street vendors peddle pasteboard figures clad in gaudy paper costumes. The more hideous they are the better they sell. On every block there is at least one life-size dummy hanging.

FOR SALE

14 Chester White

PIGS

John F. Bishop,

R5, Gettysburg, Pa

(Medical Advertising)

PUBLIC SALE

ON

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1918.

The undersigned will sell at his residence known as the Smith Farm, one and one-half miles south of Gettysburg, along the Emmitsburg Road, the following personal property:

COV. carrying her fourth calf.

Stadebaker wagon; Studebaker bed;

stade wagon bed; set fourteen foot;

hay carriages; surrey; buggy; two

horse bob sled; Superior grain drill;

hay rake; McCormick mower; spring

harrow; three horse plow; good new;

corn worker; chopping box; corn shel-

lery; harness; butchering try pods;

single and double press; scythe roller.

Six year old mare, good driver and

will work wherever needed.

Two old antique bureaus; table.

Piano. Some flooring boards.

Many articles not herein mentioned.

Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock.

When terms and conditions will be

made known by

WILLIAM I. SHIELDS.

(Medical Advertising)

PUBLIC SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

ON

Thursday, September 26, 1918.

IN FRONT OF COURTHOUSE, at 1:00 o'clock.

The goods to be sold consists of a general line of household goods. Dining room suit, bed room suit, chairs.

Several single iron beds. Ten bushels of potatoes.

H. B. BENDER

from a line across the street. At the first stroke of 12 all of them are thrown into bonfires. The excitement is tremendous.

In front of the Jockey club in Mexico City Judas assumes the character of a superbly dressed caballero on horseback. Steel and rider are of pasteboard, but the accoutrements are real. The saddle has silver tracings, stripes of silver dollars run down the cantaloons, the handsome riding boots have silver spurs and on the head is a sombrero with a band of silver tulle.

This very gorgeous Judas and his horse are stuffed with money. In fact, they have been fed on silver coins until they are fat with the diet.

At noon comes a servant from the club with a lighted paper on the end of a long pole. Tuna-tuna cheers from the great crowd assembled. The bell of the cathedral sounds the hour and a fuse is lighted, exploding a charge of gunpowder contained in the effigy. A wild struggle for the coins and accoutrements winds up the picturesque ceremony.

To Mend Broken China.

Tie the broken parts of china together with stout string, being sure that the edges meet evenly; then completely submerge the dish in a pan of skil milk and place on back of stove to gently simmer all day. Do not remove from the milk until thoroughly cold and even then don't cut the string for 24 hours. Hot water will not cause the cups to come apart again.

Good Income Paying Property For Sale

Three Residence Properties on Breckenridge St.

In good repair. Will net owner good return on investment.

For further particulars apply to

John C. Shealer

Shealer's Billiard Hall

(Medical Advertising)

WOMEN

Suffering from

Nervousness and

Sick Headache

—lassitude, low spirits and loss of appetite will find renewed strength, brighter looks, better health and clearer complexions by using

Beecham's Pills They give you the very help you need, and are a natural aid to the

tomach, liver, bowels and blood. Gentle and positive

in action, without any disagreeable after-effects—Use

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

(Medical Advertising)

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H. B. BENDER

Sometimes Judge Too Hastily.

It might be advisable for us to sound our own depths and backgrounds and cultivate a certain perspective and foreground for the people we ruthlessly condemn as hopelessly impossible, and so put so much greater an impediment in the way of their advancement to better things. Criticism is a cruel and too often an entirely unnecessary weapon to wield against those with whom we come in contact. There are very few people who are really "impossible" if only we would make the effort to find their good and worthwhile virtues.—Exchange.

FACTS ABOUT THE BLOODHOUND

Bloodhounds were first known as stenthounds owing to their ability to track the deer, wild boar or the wolf. When the wounded game broke away and was lost, these good-nosed dogs were used in trailing the quarry by the blood trail, and hence they were finally called bloodhounds.

FOR SALE

New WHITE Sewing Machine.

New SINGER, latest style.

2 Good Second-hand STAND-ARD AND PARAGON.

Chas. S. Mumper

Report of the condition of the

Bendersville National Bank

AT BENDERSVILLE, IN THE STATE OF PENNA.

at the close of business on Aug. 31, 1918.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts, including overdrafts, secured, \$15,551.67

Loans and discounts, including overdrafts, unsecured, \$5.39

U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value), \$25,000.00

Liberty Loan Bonds, \$34.4 and 41 per cent. unsecured, \$1,499.00

Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned, unsecured, \$3,000.00

Collateral Trust and other notes of corporations, issued for not less than One Year nor more than Three Years, time, \$23.20

Total Bonds, Securities, etc. other than U. S. bonds, \$14,850.30

Stock of Federal Reserve Bank, 50 per cent. of subscription, \$1,200.00

Value of banking house, \$100.00

Furniture and fixtures, \$2,000.00

Legal reserve with Federal Reserve Bank, \$10,000.00

Cash in vault and not amounts due from national banks, \$10,000.00

Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, \$25,000.00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer, \$1,200.00

Total, \$26,200.00

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in, \$25,000.00

Surplus Fund, \$1,000.00

Undivided profits, \$2,200.00

Less current expenses, interest, etc., and taxes paid, \$1,151.13

Circulating Notes outstanding, \$3,000.00

Not amounts due to banks, banks, etc., and trust companies (other than included in Items 14 and 15), \$1,851.43

Total of Items 20 and 21, \$13,151.43

Individual deposits



Fur-Trimmed Coats

We'll let the price and the picture awaken your curiosity. You will be repaid with real value.

Blue diagonal velour cloaking, plaited and shirred, button trimmed. Lined to the waist. Deep fur collar.

The value is typical of other fur-trimmed coats, of which we have a really well chosen assortment.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

"A True War Story"

By DOROTHY CANFIELD

DON'T miss "La Pharmacienne" in Pictorial Review for September. It deals with the heroism of a little French woman, the wife of a drug-store keeper. When he went to war the Germans came. What they did in his village and how his brave wife saved the whole town makes a remarkable story. And it's true.

Pictorial Review

FOR SEPTEMBER

On Sale Now

Pictorial Review Co. 222 W. 39th St. New York, N. Y.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE

That

All prescription work is in direct charge of

W. M. KEET

The devotion of Mr. Keet's time to this work insures prescriptions being carefully and promptly compounded.

S-E-R-V-I-C-E

FIRST, LAST AND ALWAYS

That is what you get when we write your Insurance. With us "to insure" means to MAKE CERTAIN OR SURE, TO MAKE SAFE.

We know we can serve you well, and we think we can save you money.

Why not give us a chance to show you what we can do for you?

Geo. C. Fissel,

Masonic Bldg., Gettysburg, Pa.

Substitute for Pepsin. The Day's Worst Pun. Health experts in the Philippines are speaking of "chills spiritual," an illness to develop an industry in the U. S. which is based on the dried juice of the papaya for medicinal purposes. A church in an Alabama town, use as a substitute for pepsin. — Daily Virginian-Examiner.

Report of the condition of the First National Bank

AT FAIRFIELD, In the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business on August 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts (except those shown in b and c)	114,440.72
Overdrafts unsecured	51.99
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	25,000
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	5,000
Premium on U. S. bonds Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4, and 4 1/2 per cent, unpledged	10,500
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4, and 4 1/2 per cent, pledged to secure State or other deposits or bills payable	10,500.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned and unpledged	13,750
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.	13,750.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	1,450.00
Furniture and fixtures	940.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	6,277.11
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	14,877.11
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	85.24
Total	1,250.00
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus Fund	23,000.00
Undivided profits 2,315.10 Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	1,525.48
Circulating notes outstanding	25,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	47,739.61
Cashier's checks outstanding	336.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve Items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, and 41	48,075.61
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	66,021.04
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 42, 43, 44, and 45	60,021.04
Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank, including all obligations representing money borrowed, other than rediscounts	5,000.00
Total	193,622.13

State of Pennsylvania County of Adams, S. S. I, Jas. Cunningham, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief JAS. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September, 1918. G. M. Neely, Notary Public.

My Commission Expires Jan. 25th 1919.

Correct Attest: J. B. WADDLE, CHRISTIAN FREY, C. P. BREAN, Directors

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse, corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf & Sons Co.

Purchasing

Wheat

Rye

Oats

Corn

Barley Seed

Wheat Middlings

Straw

Hay

Plaster

Shelled Corn

Cement

Western Flour

Green Cross Feed

Hollyo Poultry Mash

Schumaker Stock Feed

Wheat Bran

Ear Corn

Corn and Oats Crop

Cotton Seed Meal

Cotton Seed Meal

Oats Feed

Home Oats

Western Oats

Stearine

Public Sale

OF REAL ESTATE ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1918.

The undersigned will sell her property along the State Highway, between Bendersville and Aspers, containing one acre and forty perches of ground, all in seven year old fruit trees. This property is close to school, church, stores, and railroad station. A good well of water is on the place. It is improved with a 2 1/2 story weather boarded house, with basement and cellar. All other necessary outbuildings. The house is practically new, having been built but four years ago.

Sale to commence at 2:00 o'clock, when terms and conditions will be made known by MRS. CHAS. E. DITZLER.

ONE JUNE NIGHT

By LOUISE OLIVER.

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

It was a high iron fence covered with honeysuckle—the one between the Harringtons and the Neals—and with every twig interlaced to thicken the density of the green wall, the barrier of hate between the two families had grown in vast proportions.

The vine-covered fence itself commemorated the beginning of the feud, for, as is usually the case, it had started with a disagreement about the boundary line.

To arbitrate a quarrel is not to settle it. Neither side winning, there is no one to forgive. So the Harringtons and the Neals nursed their hate into the second generation, and still it grew.

Violet Harrington, the last and only one at home now, had always hated Dr. Wilbur Neal bitterly. She hated him chiefly because he had always seemed politely and supremely indifferent to her. He was almost the only man in town who had not sooner or later lost his heart to her. Violet had always been the envy of every girl in Coburg, because she was the prettiest and most popular. Naturally accustomed to homage, she resented the fact that Will Neal paid so much attention to his books to the exclusion almost of everything else.

Now she was twenty-eight and he was thirty, and neither of them was married. Knowing that she could have anybody, she had taken nobody. Now she was alone in the great house.

It was June and a wonderful moonlight night. Violet sat out under the apple tree in the yard, near the fence, in a soft white dress, stroking Dick, her Persian cat, and whispering little secrets in his ear.

"It's a lovely night, Dickie. Do you smell the roses? Listen! That soft little murmur is the voice of the love fairies. Do you hear? They slide down on the moonbeams to the roses on June nights and plan whom they shall ensnare next. Then they mix a sort of magic out of dew and fragrance, and fly with it to the chosen ones and anoint them. After that it's all over, Dick. That love potion never fails."

"I suppose you're wondering, Dick, why they never chose me. I've often wondered, too. I wonder why they never did. There are so many splendid, wonderful men. I wonder why I never loved any of them. I'm getting awfully old, Dick. Some day I'll be walking with a stick. Oh, Dick, I wish I could love somebody. I don't want to be old and lonely and ugly."

Her head went down on the soft coat and a tear dropped.

Suddenly there was a chirping and fluttering in the vines, and Dick immediately jumped down to investigate. A fledgling had dropped out of its nest and got tangled in the leaves.

Violet jumped out of the swing and hurried after him. But by the time she reached the vine-covered fence the cat had worked his sinuous way into its very heart. Stooping, she reached into the black shadows for her pet. But he was gone.

When she tried to straighten she found she could not. Her hair—a wonderful copper, the chief charm of her beauty—was caught cruelly by the thick, twisted branches. She took out the pins and tried to work it free, but it was useless. She found she could sit comfortably enough, but that was no help to matters. She couldn't stay there all night; too far back from the street to be heard, and no one near but the hated house of her neighbor.

Suddenly she heard a voice. It was masculine and quite near. She peered through the fence, and in the moonlight saw a swing much like her own, and in it a man smoking a cigarette. Between puffs he was talking to a white bulldog on the opposite seat. The man was Wilbur Neal and he was in uniform.

She started. She had not heard he had joined the army.

"Rags, it's a bully night, isn't it?" said Doctor Neal. "I wonder if you have nights like this in France? But of course they have, only I suppose I'll be too busy to notice them."

"It's funny, isn't it, Rags—how we waste time and waste it, and suddenly realize what things mean to us when they're about gone? For instance, there is a girl I like very much—very much indeed. And she hates me, and she thinks I hate her; and because I didn't know how to overcome her dislike I just let it go. And now it's too late to do anything about it. Too bad, isn't it? And if nothing happens to me in this war, and I come back, I'll grow into a cranky old man without friends. Isn't it silly? I've watched her grow up, and she's a fine, useful woman, as well as beautiful. And I've lost her because I haven't any courage. But I've courage tonight, I believe. Rags, I wonder what she'd say if I went over there? It's only next door, Rags."

But Rags had heard something. A white shadow had flashed out of the hedge, then in again. It was too much for canine endurance.

"Come here, Rags! Don't you hurt that cat. It's hers. Rags, come here!"

But Rags was barking at something more substantial than a shadow, and refusing to move, his master followed.

So Doctor Neal found Violet Harrington a prisoner, and had to go around to her side to release her.

Two hours later, when he had taken a reluctant leave, Violet buried her head happily in Dick's soft coat.

"It must have been the love fairies, Dick," she whispered. "I'm going to marry him."

Powerful Searchlights.

Searchlights on some of the British battleships are so powerful that a newspaper may be read by their light by a person 18 miles away.

YANKS BLOCKED DRIVE ON PARIS

Advancing Foe Had Surprise of Life When He Found Americans in Line.

GRAPHIC STORY IN LETTER

Tells of Our Troops' Heroic Resistance in June—Held by Many Officers to Have Saved Paris From Huns.

Washington.—A graphic eyewitness account of the fighting near Chateau-Thierry, in which American divisions, including the marine brigade, took part, early in June, was made public recently by the navy department. It is in the form of a long letter from an officer of the marines to Major General Barnett, commandant of the corps, and the story told is of peculiar significance, as in the opinion of many officers here it was the stand of the Americans along this line which saved Paris.

The name of the writer is not disclosed. The Americans were rushed to the line in motortrucks to support the hard-pressed French. On June 1 the marine brigade deployed in a support position, the battalion commanded by Maj. Thomas Holcomb hurrying into the line as the men climbed out of the trucks. The Germans were coming on, and June 2 the French dropped back, passing through the American lines.

"We had installed ourselves in a house in La Voie Chateau, a little village between Chantillon and Lucy-le-Bocage," the letter says. "From one side we had observation of the north and northeast. They came out on a wonderfully clear day in two columns across a wheat field. We could see the two twin brown columns advancing in perfect order until two-thirds of the columns we judged were in sight."

Foe Slowed Up by Shrapnel. "The rifle and machine gun fire was incessant and overhead, shrapnel was bursting. Then the shrapnel came on the target at each shot. The white patches would roll away, and we could see that some of the columns were still there, slowed up, and it seemed perfect suicide for them to try."

Then, under that deadly fire and a barrage of rifle and machine-gun fire, the Echo stopped. It was too much for any men.

"That men should fire deliberately, and use their sights and adjust their range," he says, "was beyond their experience. It must have had a telling effect on the morale of the Echo, for it was something they had not counted on. As a matter of fact, after pushing back the weakened French and then running up against a stone wall of defense, they were literally up in the air and more than stopped. We found that out later from prisoners, for the Germans never knew we were in the front line when they made that attack. They were absolutely mystified at the manner in which the defense stiffened up, until they found that our troops were in line."

The letter tells in detail of the days of fighting that followed. It describes a daylight charge against a machine gun hog and of scouting raids up to June 6, when the whole brigade swung forward to straighten out the line. This action resulted in the capture of Belleau wood.

Hit Three Times, Still Fought on.

Major Sibley's battalion of the Sixth marine regiment led the way here, with Holcomb in support. The woods were alive with enemy machine guns. That night word came back that Robertson, with 20 men of the Ninety-sixth company, had taken Bourgesches, breaking through a heavy machine gun barrage to enter the town. Robertson, fighting with an automatic in either hand, was hit three times before he would allow himself to be taken to the rear.

Speaking of individual acts of bravery the writer says Duncan, a company commander, "before he was mowed down had his pipe in his mouth and was carrying a stick." Later he adds, "Lieut. Surgeon Osborne picked up Duncan and with a hospital corps man had just gained some shelter when a shell wiped all three out."

Private Dunlavy, killed later, captured an enemy machine gun in Bourgesches, which he turned on the foe with great effect, while at another point "Young Timmerman charged a machine gun at the point of the bayonet and sent in 17 prisoners at a clip."

When the enemy made a stand at one point in the woods Sibley's battalion was withdrawn and for an hour and fifty minutes American and French batteries hammered the wood. Hughes, with the Tenth company, then went in, and his first message was that the wood had been cut to mince meat. Overton, leading the Seventy-sixth company, finally charged the rock plateau, killing or capturing every gunner and capturing all the guns, with few casualties.

The Eighty-second company lost all its officers, and Major Sibley and his adjutant, Lieutenant Ballamy, reorganized it under fire and charged a machine gun nest at the most critical time in all the fighting.

"I wonder if ever an outfit," the letter said, "went up against a more desperate job, stuck to it gamely, without sleep, at times on short rations, with men and officers going off like flies, and I wonder if in all our long list of gallant deeds there ever were two better stunts than the work of Sibley and Holcomb."

Have a Care.

Don't tell your troubles to a policeman unless you are looking for more trouble.

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Important changes in Passenger Train Schedule effective Sunday, September 22nd, 1918

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Newspaper Subscriptions Must Be Paid In Advance

The War Industries Board

has taken charge of the situation and ordered a number of changes in the methods of publishers, to conserve the supply of paper.

The size of papers has been ordered reduced.

All subscriptions must be paid in advance. The order reads as follows:

"Discontinue sending paper after date of expiration of subscription, unless the subscription is renewed and paid for (This ruling to be effective October 1, 1918.)"

It will be seen by this order that all publishers will be obliged to stop sending papers October 1, 1918, unless the subscription is paid beyond that date.

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